

# Towards Autonomous IT Operations through Artificial Intelligence

Dan Pei

# About myself

- Tenured Associate Professor in Computer Science @ Tsinghua University
- Homepage: <http://netman.aiops.org/~peidan>
- Email: [peidan@tsinghua.edu.cn](mailto:peidan@tsinghua.edu.cn) Wechat: peidanwechat
- Research direction: AI for IT Operations; Autonomous IT Operations
- UCLA Ph.D. Best Ph.D. Thesis Award in UCLA CS in 2005.
- Joined Tsinghua CS Department in December 2012, with Government Endorsement (“Recruitment Program of Global Talents”)
- Previously a Principal Researcher at AT&T Research, a co-founder and founding CEO of a mobile health company in Beijing, before joining Tsinghua.
- ACM/IEEE Senior Member
- During AT&T days, supervised interns from CMU, Cornell, Princeton, UCLA, GaTech, Michigan, Northwestern etc. Now @ Google, MSR, IBM, Purdue, Northeastern, HKUST



# My Research Group @ Tsinghua: NetMan

- Currently advising ~15 of Ph.D. and M.S. students at Tsinghua.
- Two affiliated assistant professors and two post-docs



- Graduated 10 PhDs (3 went to MSRA, two went to Nankai University, one becomes a CEO, one goes to Alibaba)



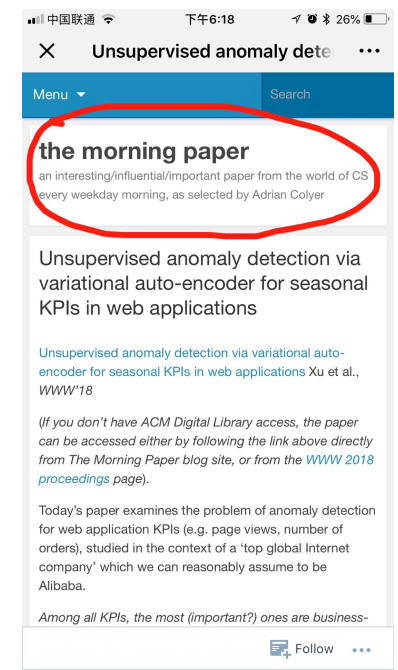
# Industry Collaborators



## Publications:

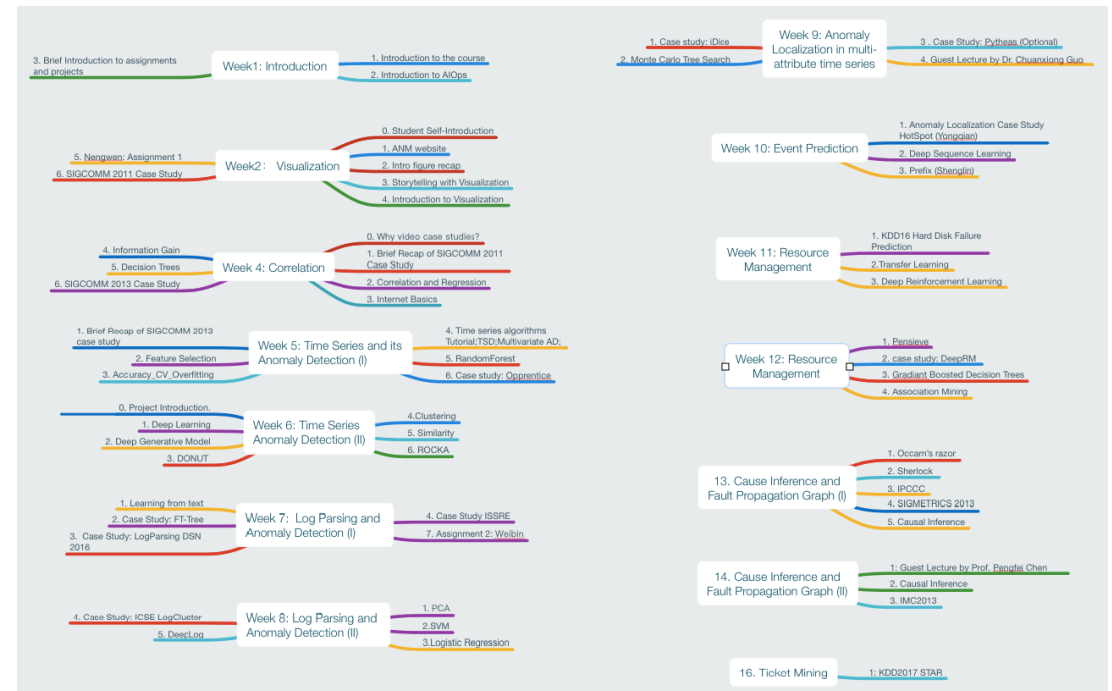
100+ AIOps papers and 20+ issued US Patents. Published in SIGCOMM、WWW、SIGMETRICS、TON、INFOCOM、IMC、CoNEXT etc.

Research results are covered by technology media such as MIT technology Review, Hacker News, Mother Board, Morning paper, and many Chinese media.





# AIOps Course (in English) at Tsinghua: <http://course.aiops.org>



# Outline

- *AI is changing the world*
- AI for IT Operations
- Operations center tour

# What are AI, Machine Learning and Deep Learning?

## ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Any technique that enables computers to mimic human behavior



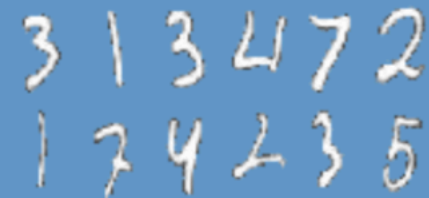
## MACHINE LEARNING

Ability to learn without explicitly being programmed



## DEEP LEARNING

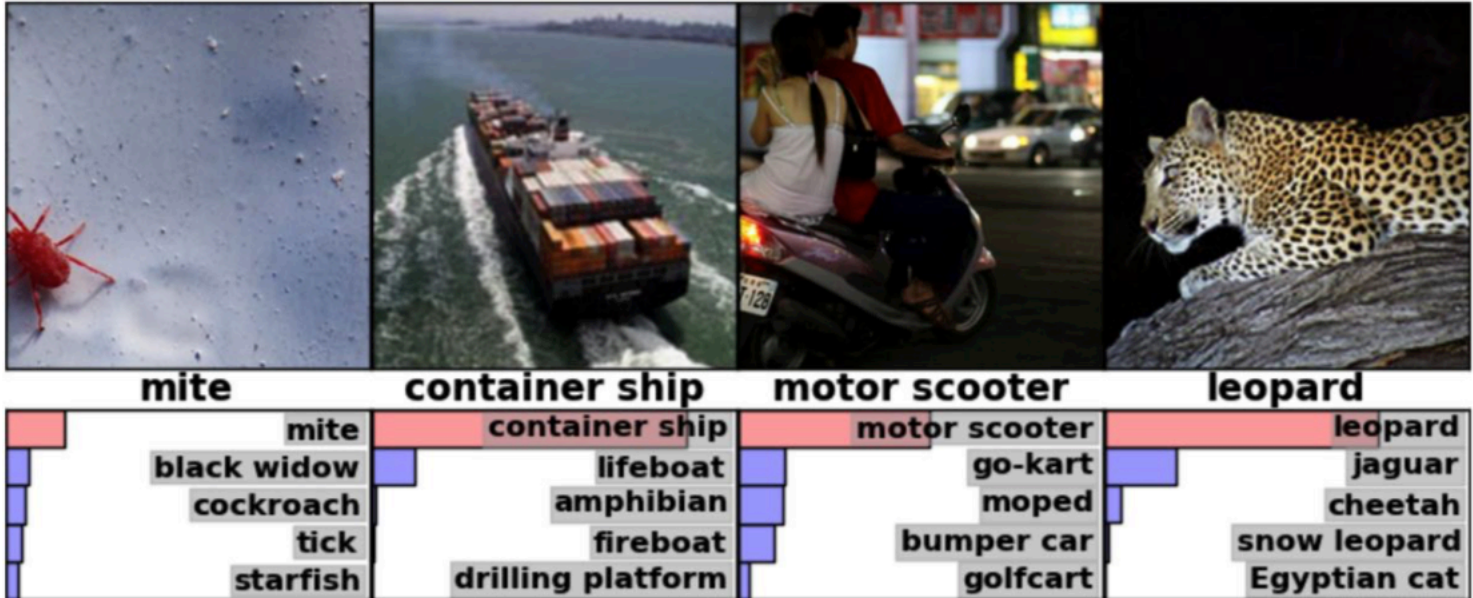
Learn underlying features in data using neural networks



# Deep Learning Success: Vision

Image Recognition

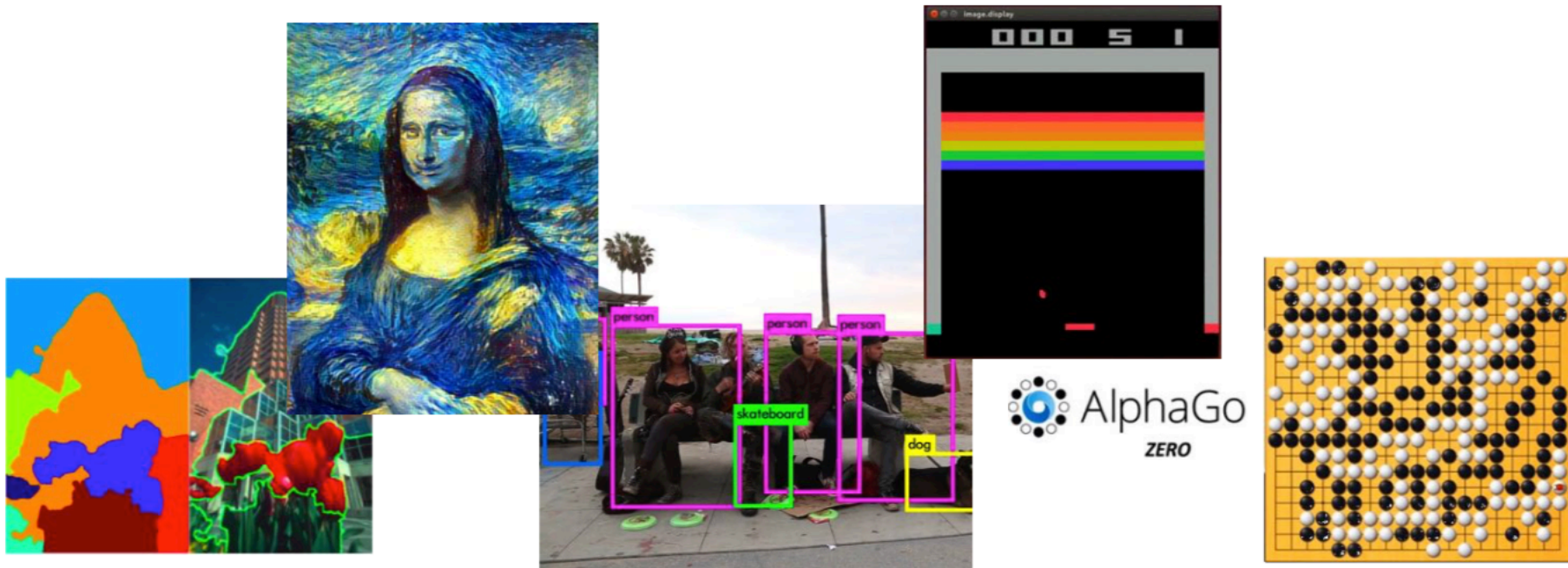
IMAGENET





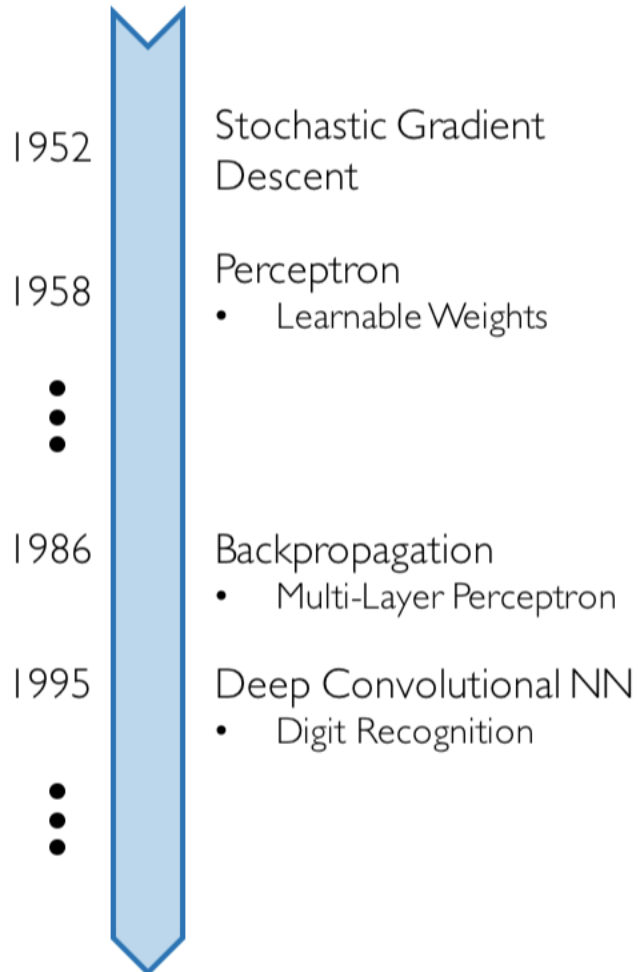
# Deep Learning Success

And so many more...





# Why Now?



Neural Networks date back decades, so why the resurgence?

## 1. Big Data

- Larger Datasets
- Easier Collection & Storage

IMAGENET



## 2. Hardware

- Graphics Processing Units (GPUs)
- Massively Parallelizable



## 3. Software

- Improved Techniques
- New Models
- Toolboxes



# Industries being changed by AI

- Finance
- Education
- **TMT**
- **Medical & Health**
- **Automobile**
- **Manufacturing**

# Deep Learning Success: Audio

Other sequences-model applications:

- predict stock price
- machine translation
- ...

## Music Generation

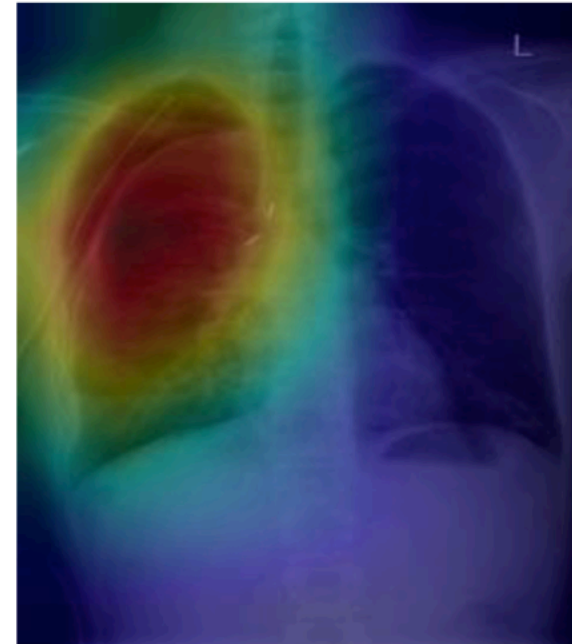
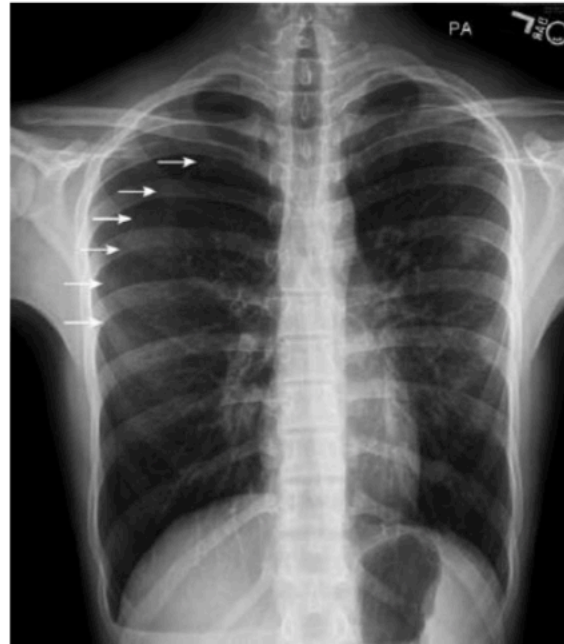


Temporal dependence



# Deep Learning Success: Vision

Detect pneumothorax in real X-Ray scans



# 5 Applications Of AI In The Automotive Industry

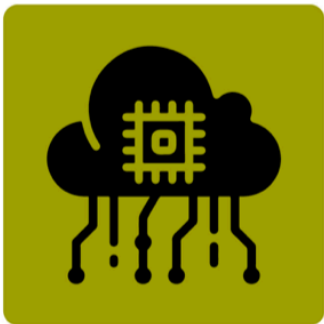
1



## Driving Features

AI lends itself perfectly to powering advanced safety features for connected vehicles.

2



## Cloud Services

The application of artificial intelligence cloud platforms ensure that data is available when needed.

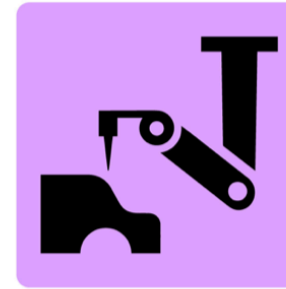
3



## Automotive Insurance

AI speeds up the process of filing claims when accidents do occur.

4



## Car Manufacturing

Robots are driving optimisation and the rethinking of processes and production in innovative new ways.

5



## Driver Monitoring

AI software detects driver behavior in four key areas: driver identification, recognition, monitoring and infotainment control.

<https://youtu.be/nBs3K0bsxyc>

# Predictive Maintenance

## Extraction Dashboard

North American Supervisor

**368**  
Locations

**1812**  
Assets

**52**  
Alerts

Type	Severity	Location	Alert	Status
Sensor	Critical	Trans-Alaska	Flow Rate	Assigned
ML Predicted	Critical	Cromal	API Gravity %	Open
Trending	Critical	Unbridge	Amps Load %	Resolving
Trending	Critical	Bakken	BS&W %	Assigned
Sensor	Critical	Ruby	API Gravity %	Assigned
ML Predicted	Critical	Seaway	Flow Rate	Open
Sensor	Warning	Yellowstone	Temp	Assigned
ML Predicted	Warning	Unv	Tank Level	Resolving
Sensor	Warning	Javkhawk	Air Filter	Open
Sensor	Warning	Keystone	Flow Rate	Notified
Sensor	Warning	Bakken	BS&W %	Open
ML Predicted	Warning	Ruby	H2S %	Assigned
Trending	Warning	Seaway	Flow Rate	Assigned

## Extraction

### Asset Sensor Details

LAC-1773-551  
Pump 435-22-EG2

Extraction Filter  
166-FGE-HTR

Asset Health Status

89%  
Overall Status

85%  
Tank level (%)

89.1  
AMPS/Rated (%)

162.1  
Mean temperature

**Alert:** Air Filter Alert

**Name:** Medium Voltage Filter

**Part SKU:** 6493-MVAF107

**Last Replaced:** 20-July-2014

**Scheduled Replacement:** 20-Jul-15

**Current Temp:** 179.3

**Threshold:** 175

**Variance:** 4.3

**Trending:** Temperature increasing

**Description:** Temperature increase of air passed through filter consistent with asset that has prematurely reached the end of its service life. Shutdown imminent.

**Solution:** Visit location for out-of-band part replacement, investigate the service life part and/or location to prevent future stop-production failure.

**Mean Temperature**

**Rockwell Automation - Predicted Alert Warning**  
Asset Sensors Detect Critical Failure Before Scheduled Maintenance.

## Extraction

### Asset Sensor Details

LAC-1773-551  
Pump 435-22-EG2

Extraction Filter  
166-FGE-HTR

Asset Health Status

89%  
Overall Status

85%  
Tank level (%)

89.1  
AMPS/Rated (%)

162.1  
Mean temperature

### Product Quality Detail

814.5  
Barrels/hour

39.9  
API Gravity (%)

21.6  
H2S (%)

27.1  
BS&W (%) Purity

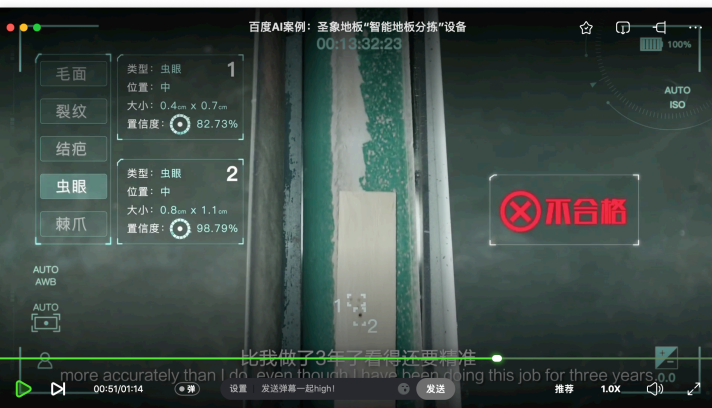
237k  
Barrel count (month)

19.6M  
Barrel count (total)



# Machine Learning is a high-level programming language

Success in specific application scenario in specific area in specific industry:  
quality assurance in manufacturing industry



Wood Floor

(Play video)



Tobacco Leaf



Steel Industry



8K video monitoring of  
the production line

Traditional programming language:

hard-coded logic

Machine learning as a programming language

hard-coded logic + fuzzy logic learned from data



# The capability boundary of current AI technologies

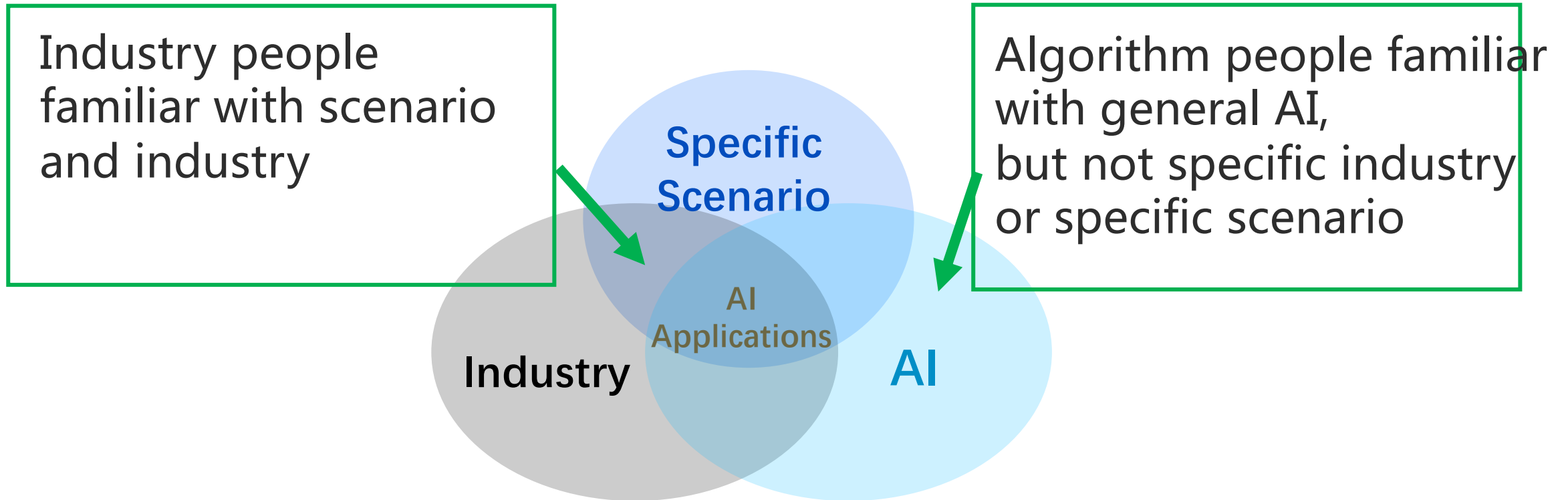


AI is good at solving problems that satisfy the following five conditions simultaneously:

- (1) With abundant data or knowledge
- (2) With deterministic Information
- (3) With complete Information
- (4) Well-defined
- (5) Single-domain or limited-domain

——CAS Fellow, Prof Bo Zhang

# Why success only in specific application scenario in specific area in specific industry?



Traditional programming language:

- hard-coded logic

Machine learning as a programming language

- hard-coded logic + fuzzy logic learned from data

# Pitfalls: use ML algorithms as Blackbox to tackle a specific scenario in a specific industry

a specific scenario in a specific industry



Huge Gap



## General Machine Learning Algorithms

ARIMA, Time Series Decomposition, Holt-Winters, CUSUM, SST, DiD, DBSCAN, Pearson Correlation, J-Measure, Two-sample test, Apriori, FP-Growth, K-medoids, CLARIONS, Granger Causality, Logistic Regression, Correlation analysis (event-event, event-time series, time series-time series), hierarchical clustering, Decision tree, Random forest, support vector machine, Monte Carlo Tree search, Markovian Chain, multi-instance learning, transfer learning, CNN, RNN, VAE, GAN, NLP

# Outline

- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - *What is AIOps*
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

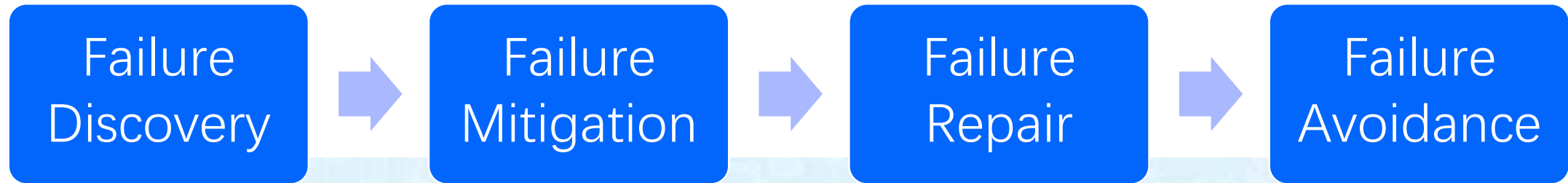
*IT Operations* is one of the technology foundations of the increasingly digitalized world.





IT operations are responsible for ensuring the digitalized businesses and societies run reliably, efficiently and safely, despite the inevitable failures of the imperfect underlying hardware and software.

But IT Operations are currently labor-intensive, heavily relied on human experience, very stressful, and ineffective.



## IT Operations Companies

servicenow

Valued at 44  
Billion USD

splunk >

Valued at 20  
Billion USD

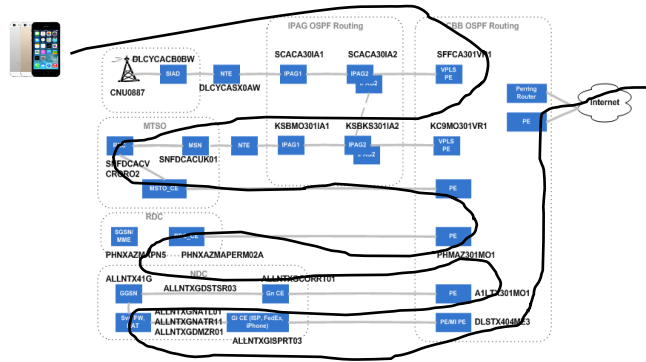
 elastic

Valued at 7 Billion  
USD

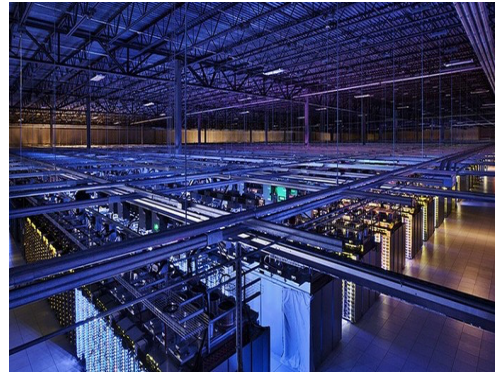


# AIOps : Autonomous IT Operations through Machine Learning

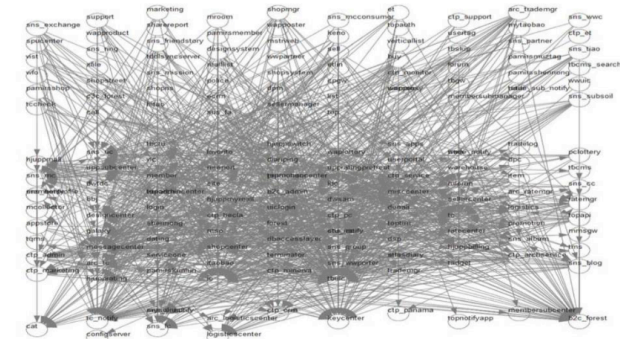
Large & complex access network



Large & complex data center



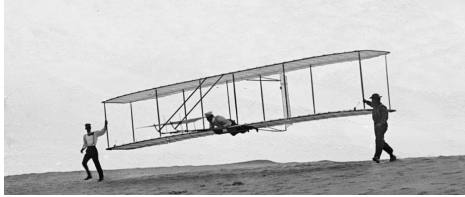
Large & complex application software



2012 淘宝核心链路应用拓扑图

- Imagine that you are running an Internet-based service with hundreds of thousands of servers and many software modules, a large, complex, cross-layer, and rapidly evolving distributed system.
- You want to achieve 99.999% service reliability, but the terabytes of machine-generated monitoring data and hundreds of operators (IT operation engineers) alone won't get you there, because of the high complexity and sheer scale of the software/hardware system and the vast amount of machine-generated data.
- Machine learning is the direction to enable Autonomous IT Operations autonomous.

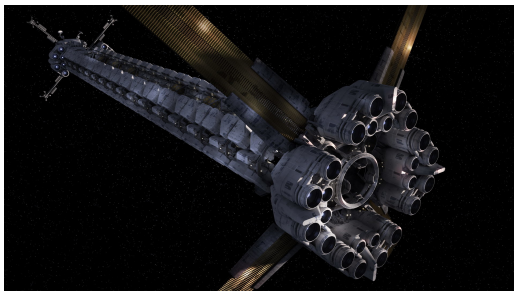
# Towards Autonomous IT Operations



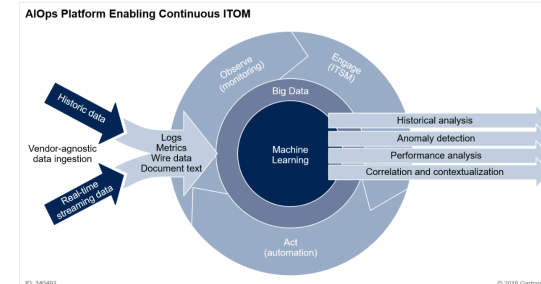
Manual-Driven



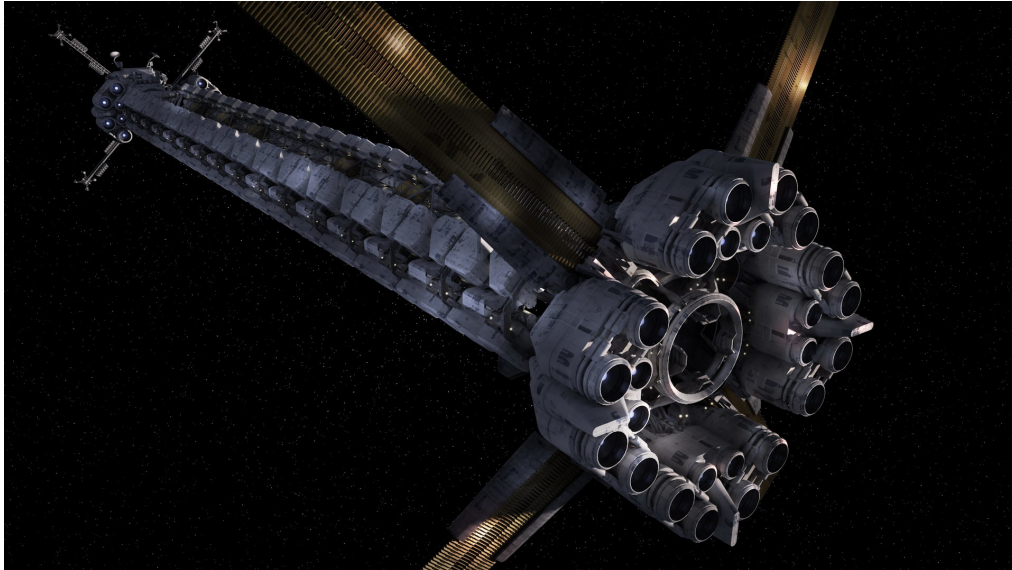
Automated but with Manual Decision



Autonomous



# Ultimate Goal: Autonomous IT Operations



SpaceShip One: 2000 passengers and 15 crew members all in hibernation. Flying towards Planet Origae-6. Only one awoken android crew.



SpaceShip Avalon: 5000 passengers and 258 crew members. Flying towards Planet Homestead II, 120-year trip.

# Autonomous IT Operations: Automatically deal with all four causes of changes to IT systems

- Software & hardware failures --> Automatic Healing
- Software changes --> Autonomous software deployment
- Change of user request amount & Pattern --> Elastic Resource Allocation
- Malicious Attacks --> Autonomous Defense





“Most people overestimate what they can do in one year and underestimate what they can do in ten years.”

-- Bill Gates

# Outline

- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - *Value of AIOps: brief case studies*
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

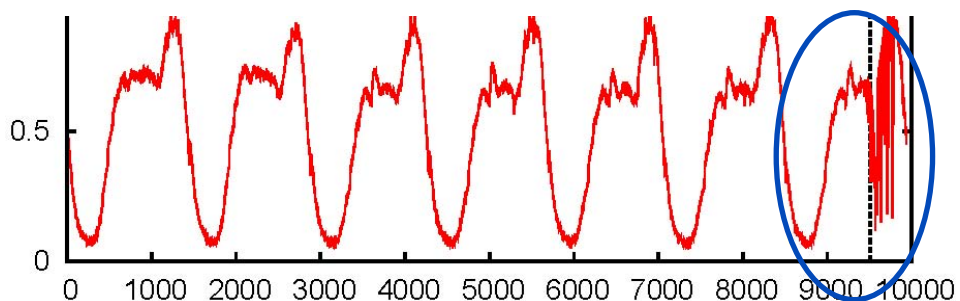
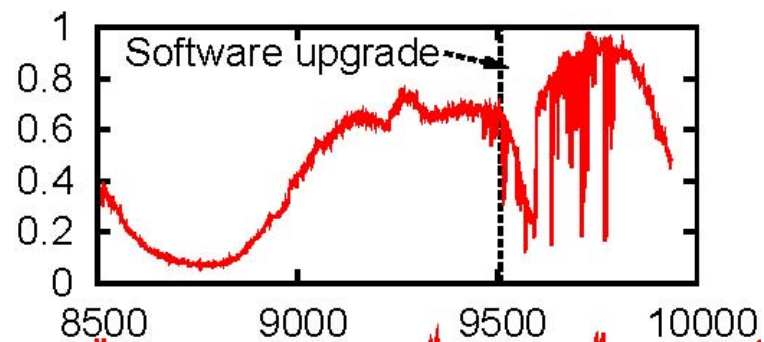
# Reduced Business Loss: Rapid Assessment of Software Changes

- A buggy deployment causes significant revenue Loss
- Manual trouble shooting takes 1.5 hours



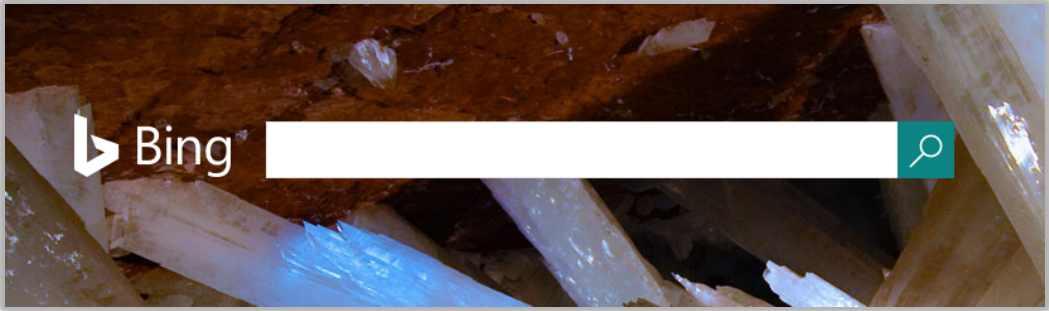
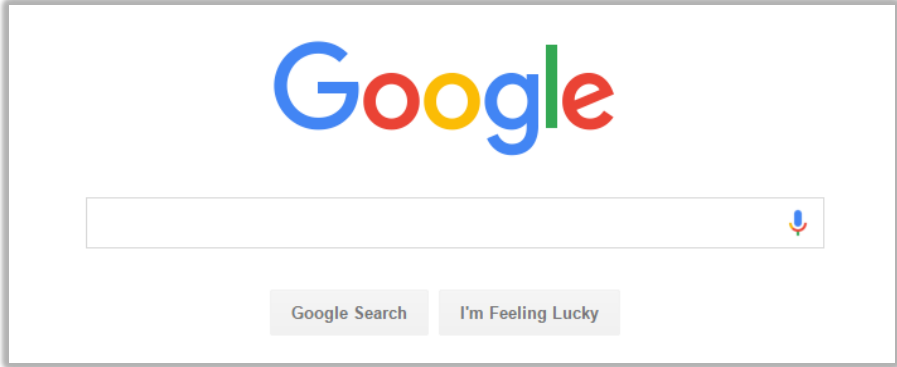
- AIOps solution takes less than 10 minutes

Joint Work with Baidu  
Published in ACM CoNext 2015





# Web Search Engines



# Search Response Time (SRT)

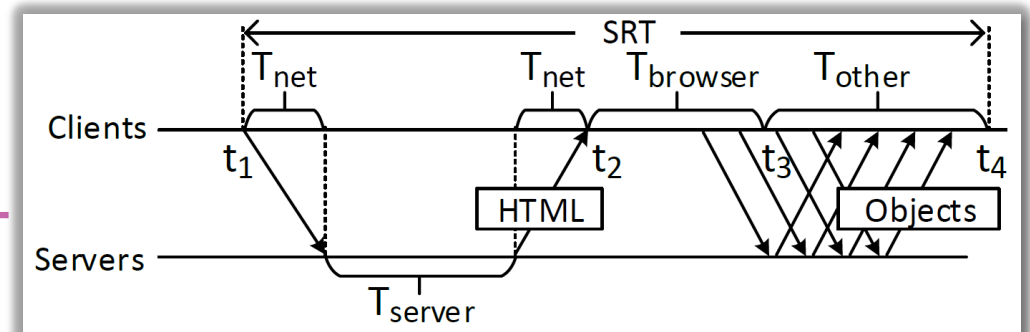


$t_1$  A search query is submitted



$t_4$  The result page is rendered

$$SRT = t_4 - t_1$$



# Search Response Time Matters



+500ms revenue ↓ 1.2%  
[Eric Schurman, Bing]



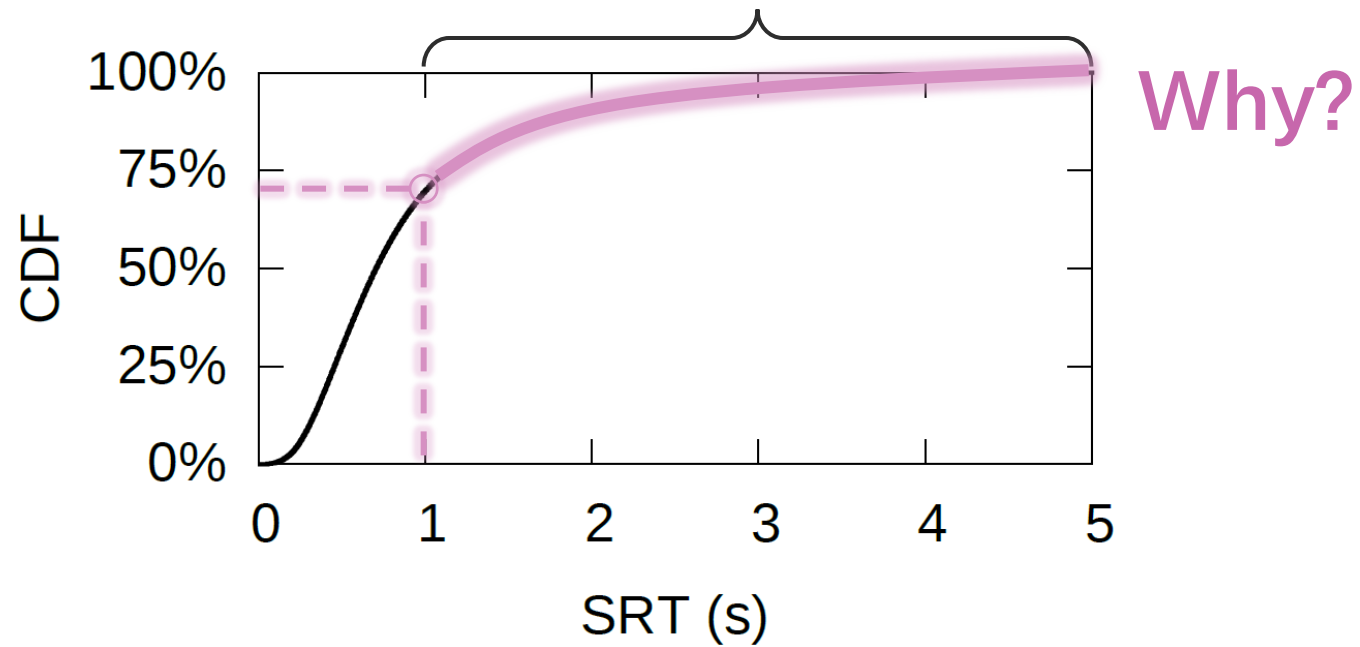
+100ms~400ms queries ↓ 0.2%~0.6%  
[Jake Brutlag, Google]



Given two content-wise identical search result pages,  
users are **more likely to perform clicks on the fast page**  
[SIGIR 2014]

# Search Response Time **in the Wild**

User's flow of thought is interrupted if pages take **longer than 1s** to load



# Monitoring SRT: Search Logs


Measurable attributes that can potentially impact SRT

SRT	User's ISP	Browser engine	# of Images	Ads	Server Load	...
800ms (Low SRT)	China Unicom	WebKit	10	Yes	1000 queries/s	...
1200ms (High SRT)	China Telecom	Trident 5.0	5	No	500 queries/s	...
.....						




# Improved Revenue: Reduced Page Response Time

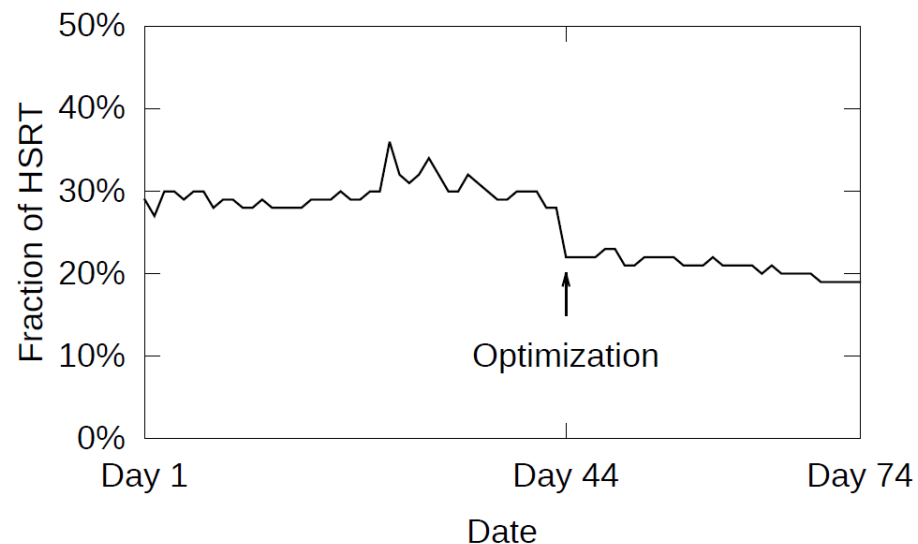
**amazon**

-100ms -> Sales  1%  
[Greg Linden, Amazon]

**Google**

-100ms~400ms -> Revenue  0.2%~0.6%  
[Jake Brutlag, Google]

After deploying the solutions suggested by AIOps :



(a) Fraction of HSRT each day

Slow responses (>1s) are reduced from 30% to 20%

80th-percentile response time is reduced by 253 ms

Saves 30 man-months (estimated) of manual analysis

Joint Work with Baidu

Published in IEEE INFOCOM 2016

# AI Ops Leads to Better User Experience -> Longer Engagement -> More Revenue

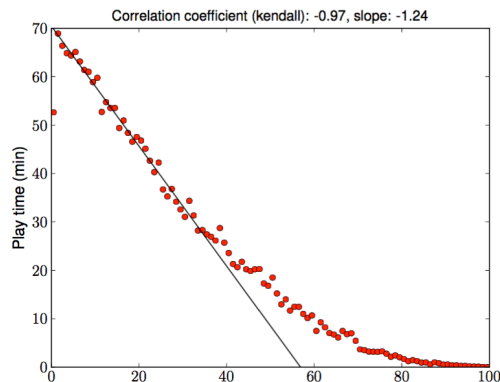
Linear Regression  
SIGCOMM  
2011



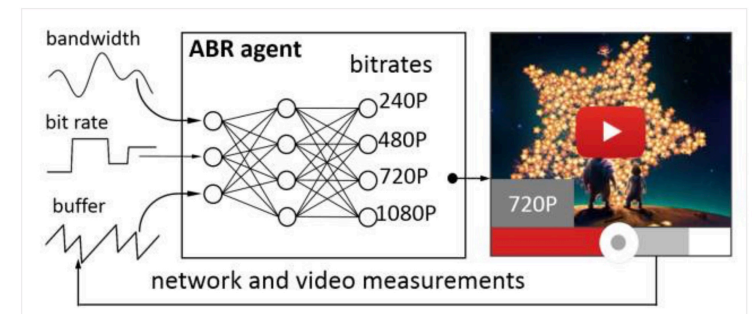
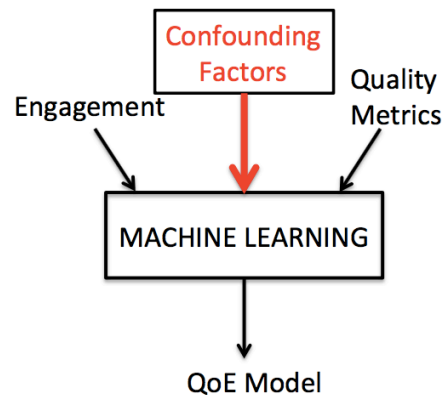
Decision Trees  
SIGCOMM  
2013



Reinforcement Learning  
SIGCOMM  
2017

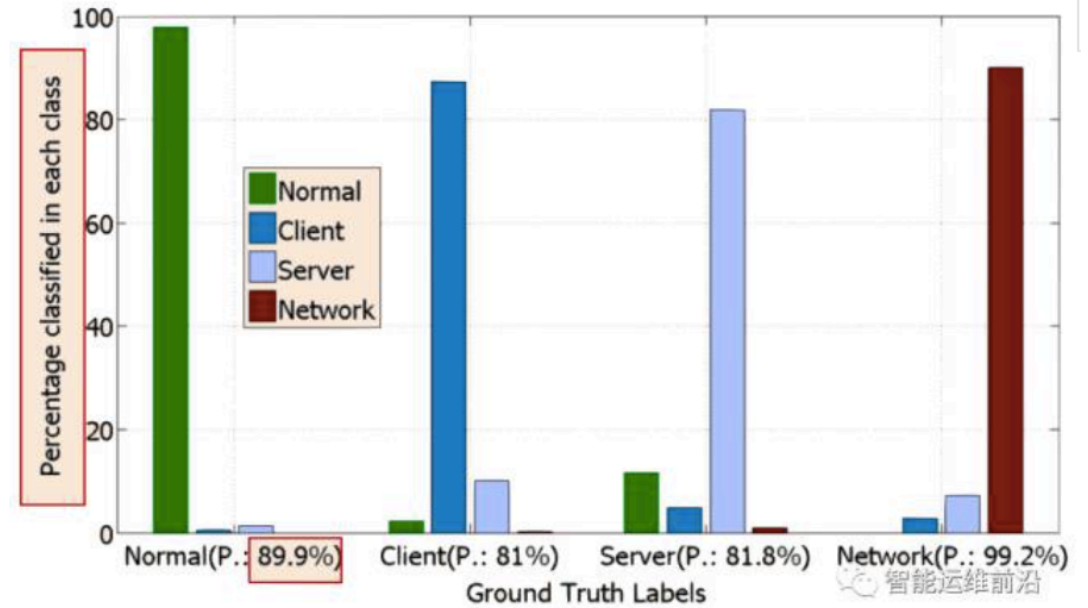
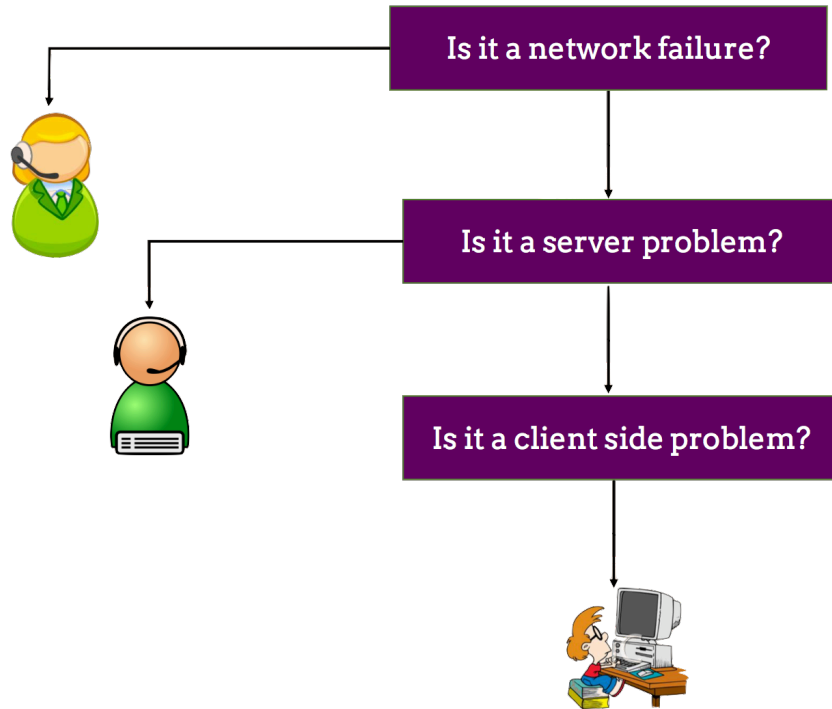


Adding as a feature



Conviva/CMU/MIT work

# AI Ops Quickly Decides the Responsibility Boundary: Reduced loss

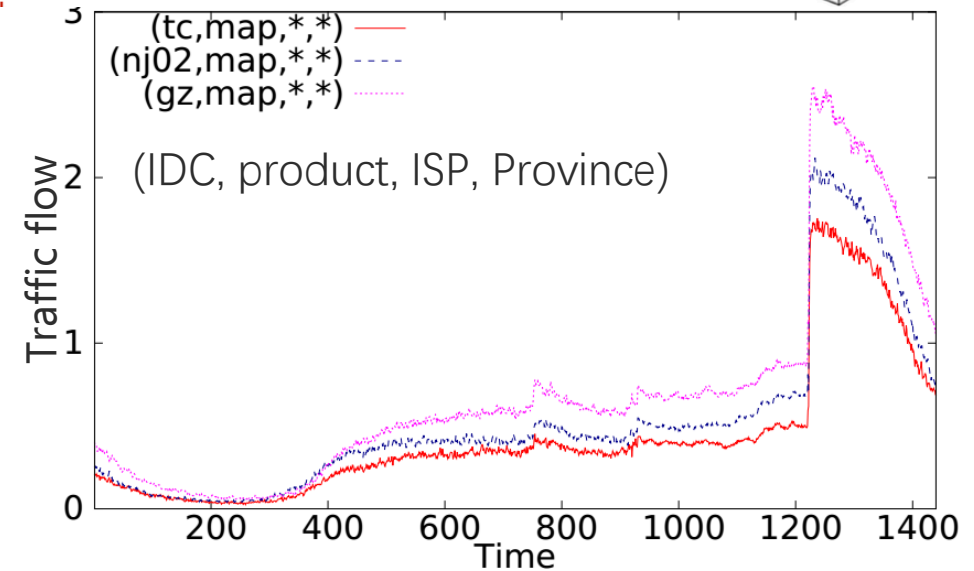
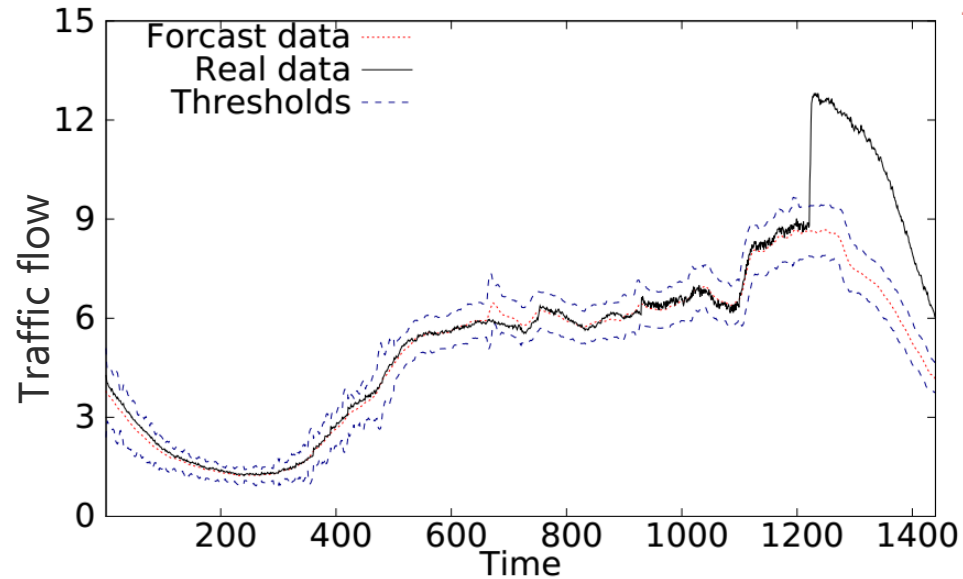
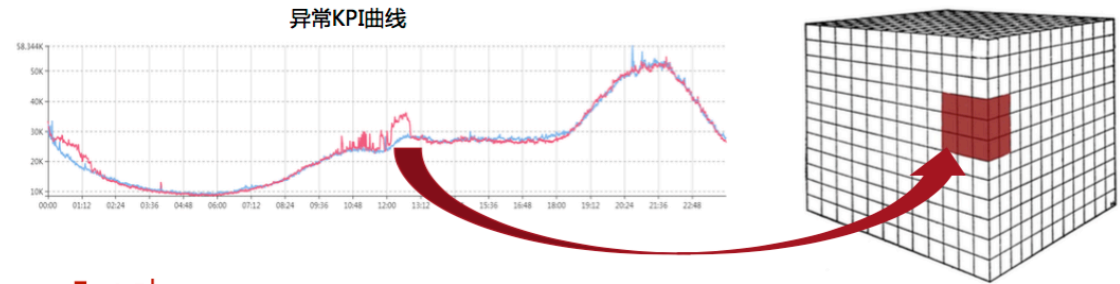


Microsoft Azure Work.  
Published in SIGCOMM 2016

# Localizing the Anomalous Regions: Reduced Loss

Manual localization: 90 minutes  
 AIOps: 30s

如何快速找到大量组合中最核心的影响因素？



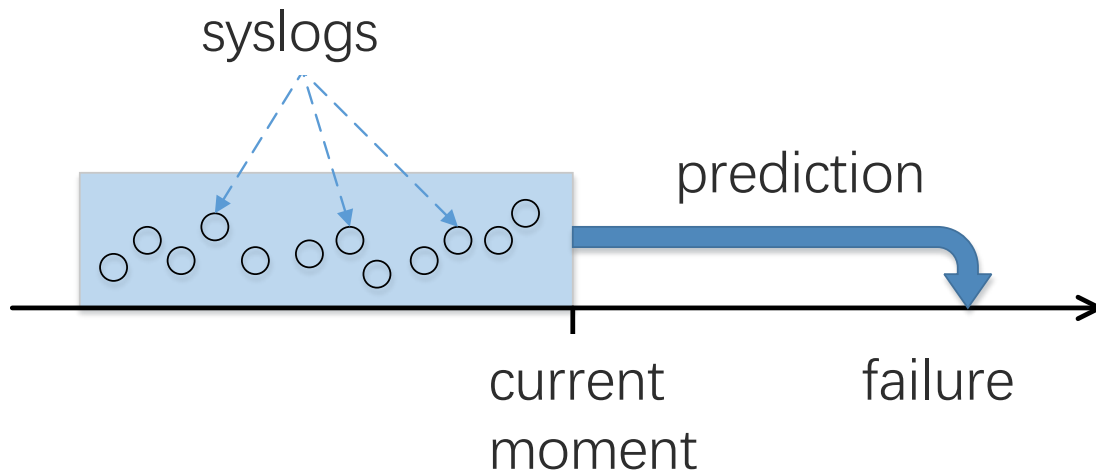
Collaboration with Baidu. Tencent implemented a variant to improve its video streaming service

# DC Switch Failure Prediction->Preventive Replacement->Avoided Loss

Problem: Baidu-customized switches intermittently drop/delay packets, causing QoE drop at the application layer.

Reboot stops the problem for some while.

Question: Can we predict the this problem 2 hours before it happens again?  
Then just switch the traffic away from this switch and reboot it.



- Precision: 82.15%
- Recall: 74.74%
- FPR:  $3.75 \times 10^{-5}$



Table 2: One Example of Benign Request.

<b>Original Request</b>	POST http://localhost:8080/tienda1/publico/autenticar.jsp modo=entrar&login=carria&pwd=egipciaca&remember=off&B1=Entrar		
<b>Token Sequence</b>	tienda1 publico autenticar jsp modo entrar login _OTHER_ pwd _OTHER_ remember off b1 entrar		
<b>Recovered Token Sequence</b>	tienda1 publico autenticar jsp modo entrar login _OTHER_ pwd _OTHER_ remember on b1 entrar		
<b>BLEU</b>	0.8091	<b>Malicious Score</b>	0.1909

Table 3: One Example of Malicious Request.

<b>Original Request</b>	POST http://m.thepaper.cn/admin_UploadDataHandler.ashx -----WebKitFormBoundaryRvkd1dbq3x1OJhUH\x0D\x0AContent-Disposition: form-data; name=\x22uploadify\x22; filename=\x2220170215180046.jpg\x22\x0D\x0AContent-Type: image/jpeg\x0D\x0A\x0D\x0A<%eval request(\x22T\x22)%>\x0D\x0A-----WebKitFormBoundaryRvkd1dbq3x1OJhUH\x0D\x0AContent-Disposition: form-data; name=\x22saveFile\x22\x0D\x0A\x0D\x0AAt.asp\x0D\x0A-----WebKitFormBoundaryRvkd1dbq3x1OJhUH\x0D\x0AContent-Disposition: form-data; name=\x22Upload\x22\x0D\x0A\x0D\x0ASubmit Query\x0D\x0A-----WebKitFormBoundaryRvkd1dbq3x1OJhUH--		
<b>Token Sequence</b>	_OTHER_ ashx _OTHER_ content disposition form data name uploadify filename _pnum_0_ jpg content type image jpeg eval request onechr _OTHER_ content disposition form data name _OTHER_ onechr asp _OTHER_ content disposition form data name upload submit query _OTHER_		
<b>Recovered Token Sequence</b>	_OTHER_ _OTHER_ do php _OTHER_ eval get_magic_quotes_gpc stripslashes _post chr _pnum_0_ chr _pnum_1_ _post chr _pnum_2_ chr _pnum_3+_ z0 _pnum_3+_ ini_set display_errors _pnum_3+_ set_time_limit _pnum_3+_ set_magic_quotes_runtime _pnum_3+_ echo onechr dirname _server script_filename if onechr onechr dimame _server path_translated		
<b>BLEU</b>	0	<b>Malicious Score</b>	1.0

Detecting previously unseen attacks: 99% accuracy --> more secure

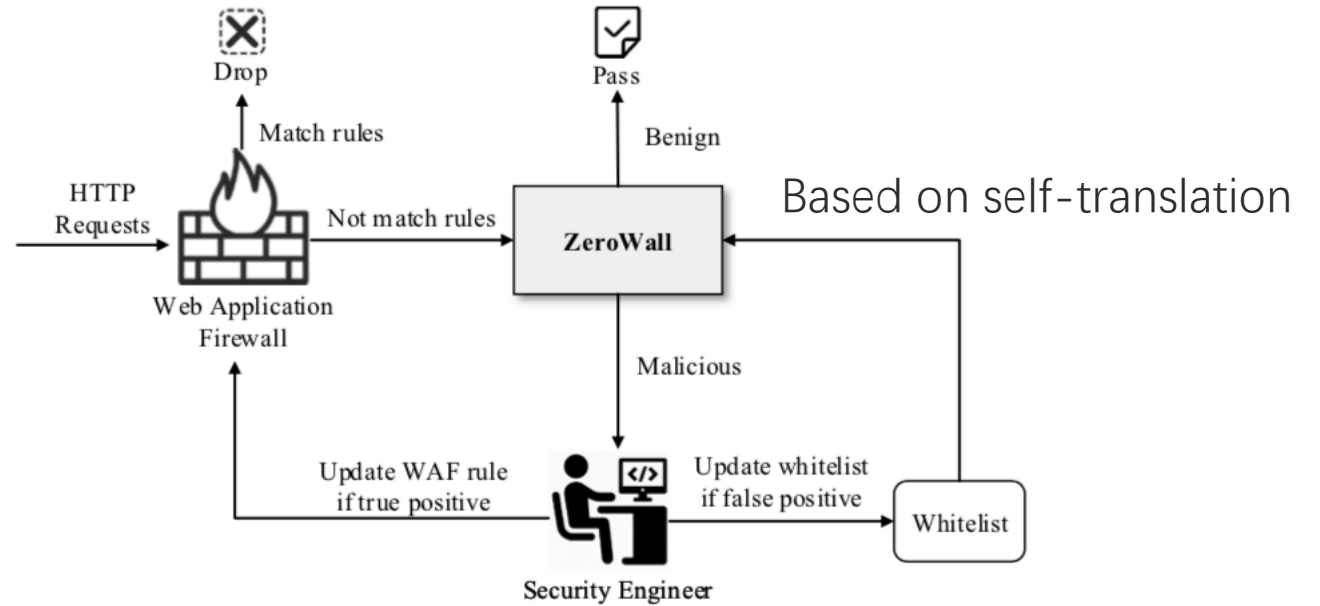
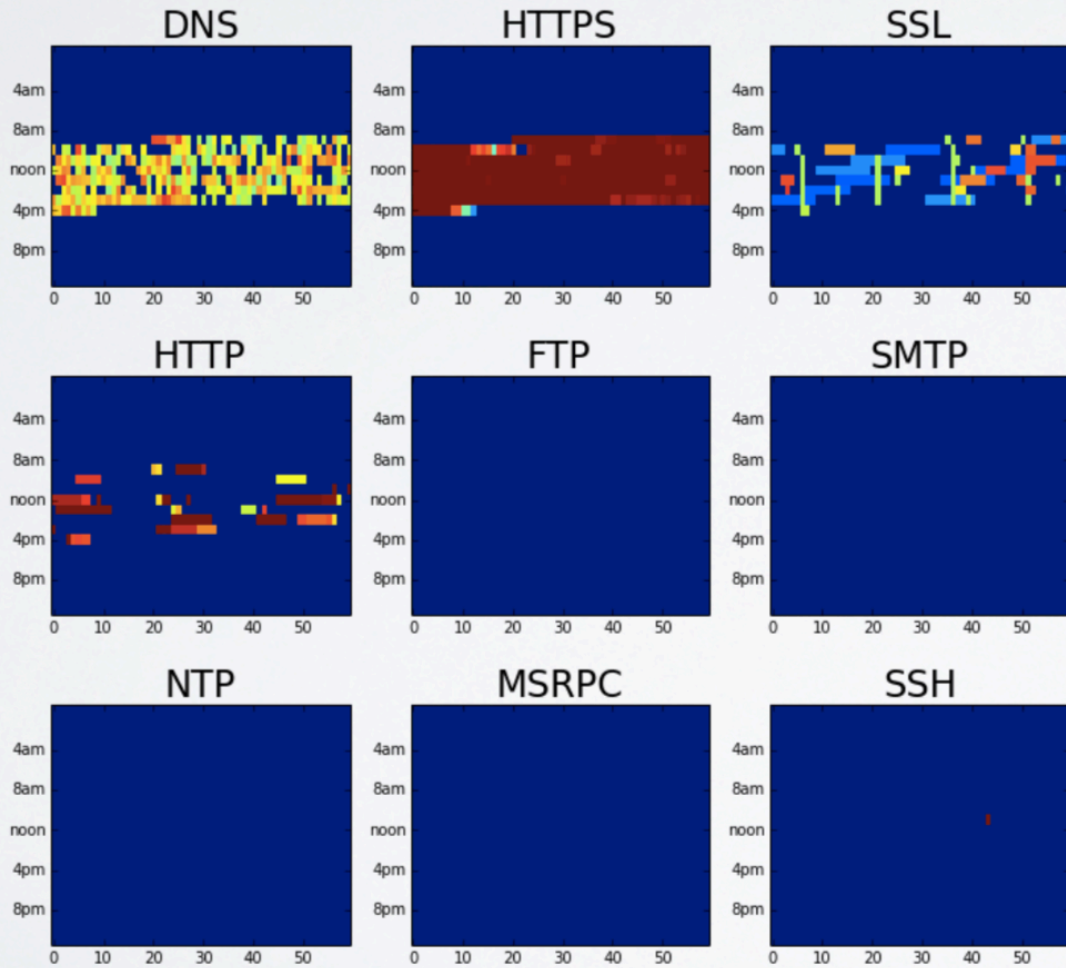


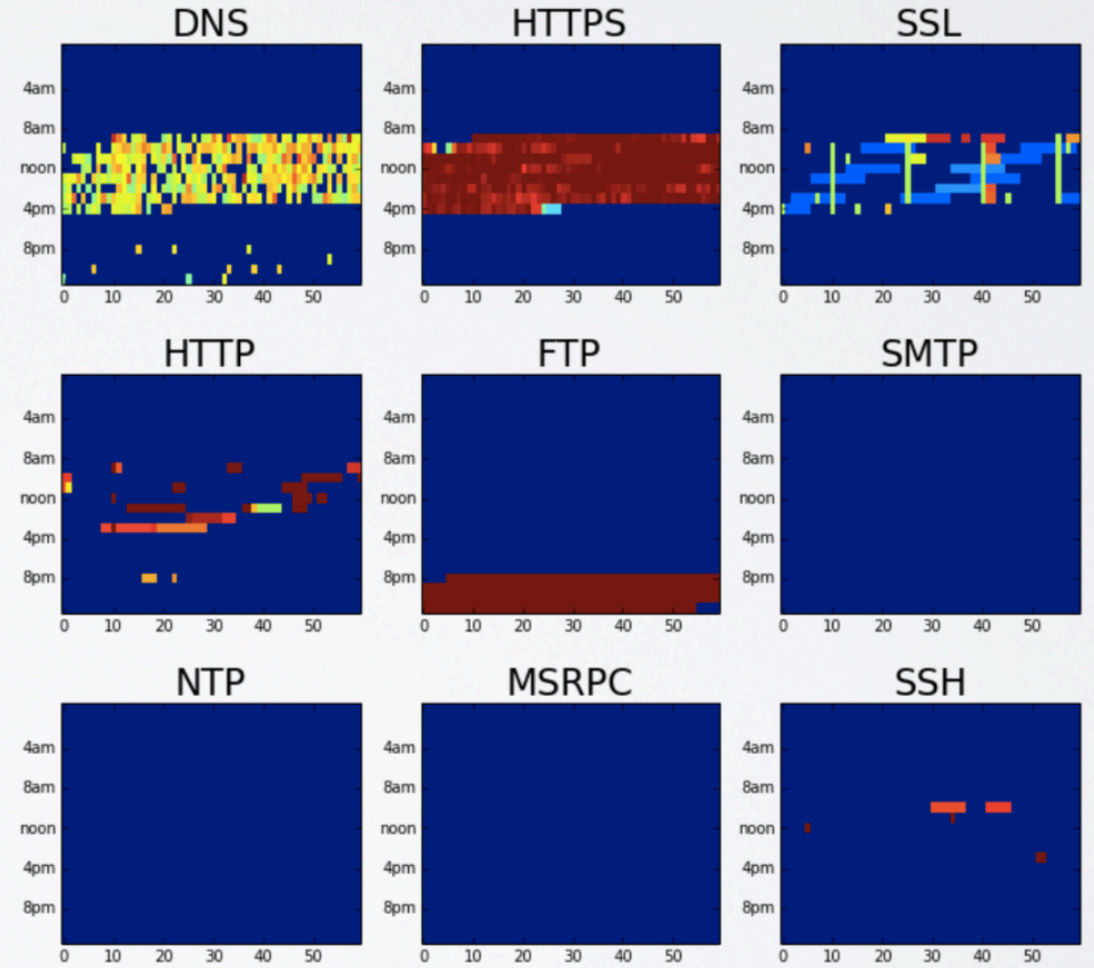
Figure 1: The workflow of ZeroWall.

# BEHAVIOR ANOMALY USER | EXFILTRATION

## User – Before Compromise

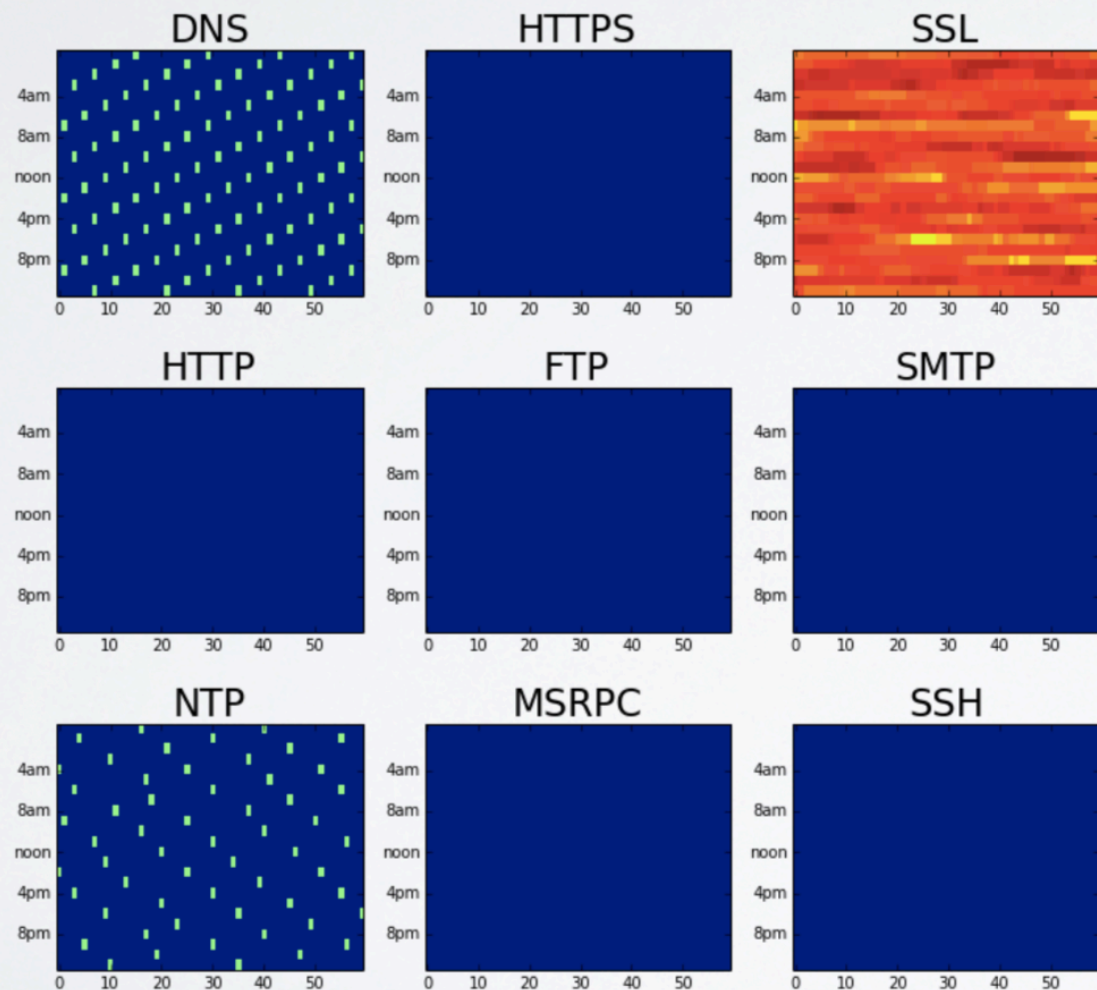


## User – Post Compromise

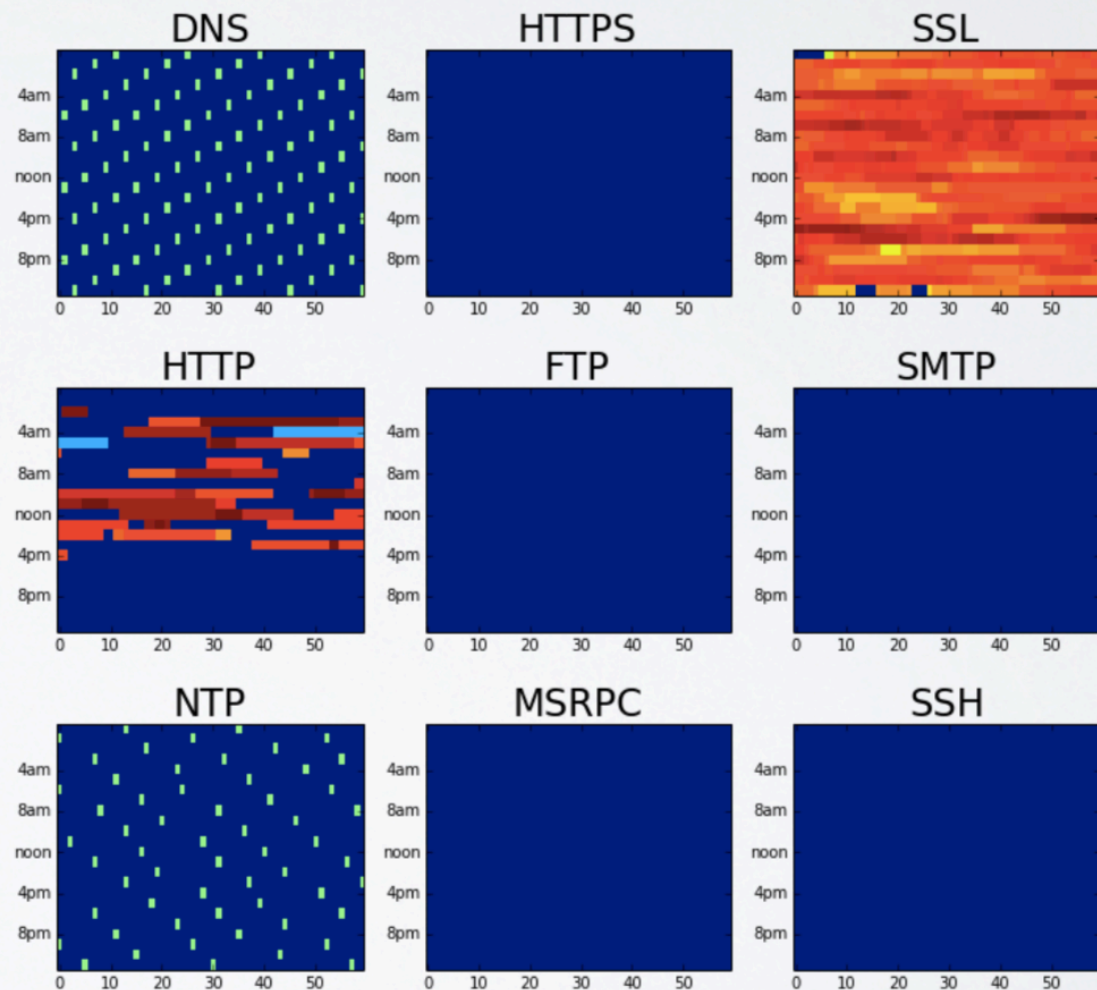


# BEHAVIOR ANOMALY IOT DEVICE | DATA DOWNLOAD

## Dropcam – Before Compromise



## Dropcam – Post Compromise

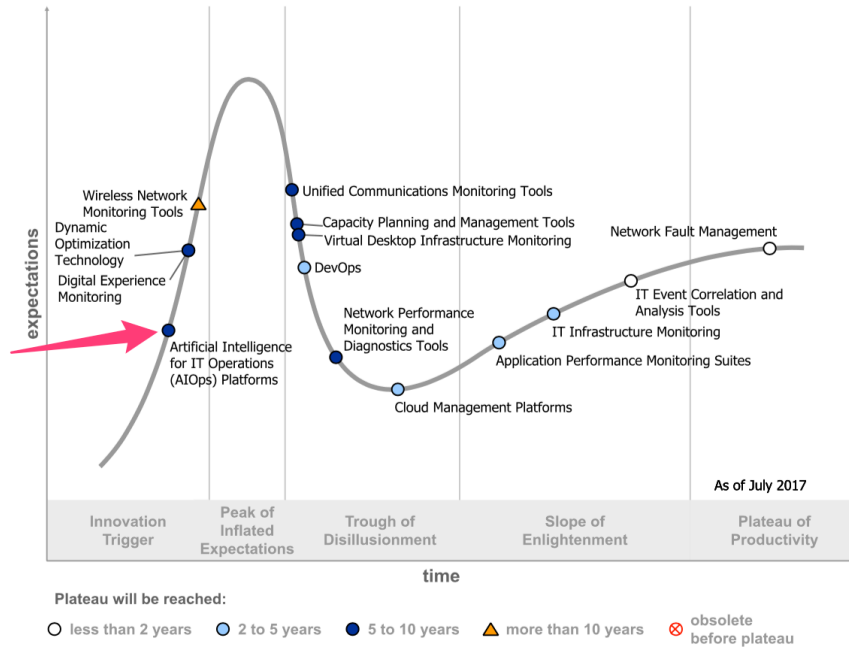


# Outline

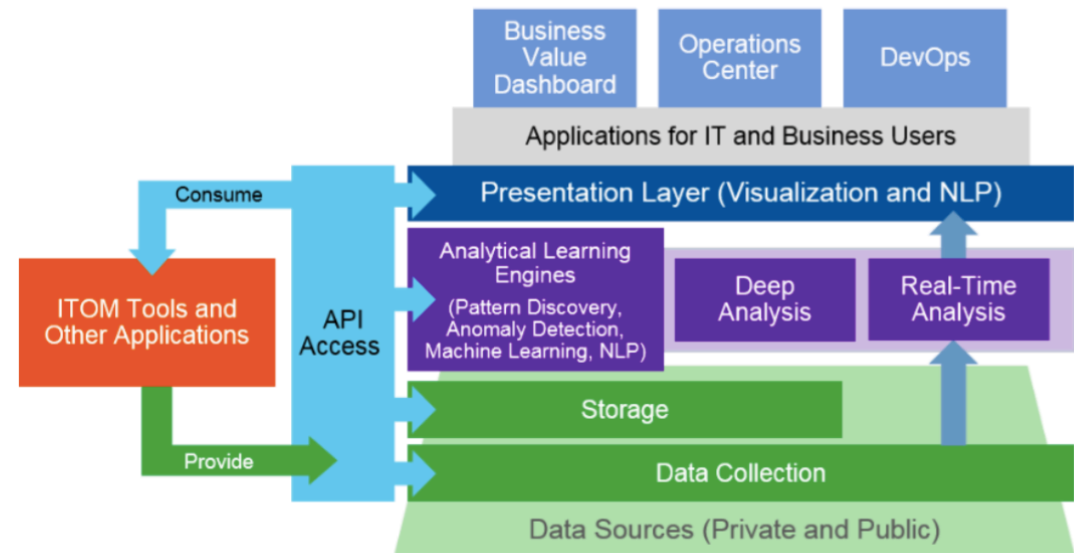
- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - *Industry Leader's Opinion*
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

# AIOps is rising

- According to Gartner Report :
- AIOps global deployment ratio: 10% (2017) → 50% (2020)



Source: Gartner (July 2017)



Source: Gartner (March 2016)



“In addition to control plane and data plane, Internet needs an AI-based knowledge plane”  
- Dave Clark, the Architect of the Internet, in his SIGCOMM 2003 paper.

## A Knowledge Plane for the Internet

David D. Clark\*, Craig Partridge\*, J. Christopher Ramming† and John T.

\*M.I.T Lab for Computer Science  
200 Technology Square  
Cambridge, MA 02139  
{ddc,jtw}@lcs.mit.edu

◆BBN Technologies  
10 Moulton St  
Cambridge, MA 02138  
craig@bbn.com

†SRI  
333 Rav  
Menlo Par  
chrisramr

### ABSTRACT

We propose a new objective for network research: to build a fundamentally different sort of network that can assemble itself given high level instructions, reassemble itself as requirements change, automatically discover when something goes wrong, and automatically fix a detected problem or explain why it cannot do so.

We further argue that to achieve this goal, it is not sufficient to improve incrementally on the techniques and algorithms we know today. Instead, we propose a new construct, the Knowledge Plane, a pervasive system within the network that builds and maintains high-level models of what the network is supposed to do, in order to provide services and advice to other elements of the network. The knowledge plane is novel in its reliance on the tools of AI and cognitive systems. We argue that cognitive techniques, rather than traditional algorithmic approaches, are best suited to meeting the uncertainties and complexity of our objective.

transparent network with rich end-sy  
deeply embedded assumption of  
administrative structure are critical stre  
users when something fails, and high  
much manual configuration, diagnosis a

Both user and operator frustrations arise  
design principle of the Internet—the  
with intelligence at the edges [1,2].  
without knowing what that data is, or  
combination of events is keeping dat  
edge may recognize that there is a prob  
that something is wrong, because the c  
be happening. The edge understands  
expected behavior is; the core only de  
network operator interacts with the core  
as per-router configuration of routes as  
for the operator to express, or the netw

# Leaders' opinions about AIOps

## Huawei CEO Ren Zhengfei:

“AI is the most important tools for managing the networks.

### 一、巨大的存量网络是人工智能最好的舞台

为什么要聚焦GTS、把人工智能的能力在服务领域先做好呢？对于越来越庞大、越来越复杂的网络，人工智能是我们建设和管理网络的最重要的工具，人工智能也要聚焦在服务主航道上，这样发展人工智能就是发展主航道业务，我们要放到这个高度来看。如果人工智能支持GTS把服务做好，五年以后我们自己的问题解决了，我们的人工智能又是世界一流。

首先，是解决我们在全球巨大的网络存量的网络维护、故障诊断与处理的能力的提升。我们在全球网络存量有一万亿美元，而且每年上千亿的增加。容量越来越大，流量越来越快，技术越来越复杂，维护人员的水平要求越来越高，经验要求越来越丰富，越来越没有这样多的人才，人工智能，大有前途。

## Jeff Dean Head of AI, Google

“We can improve everywhere in a system that have tunable parameters or heuristics”

### Anywhere We've Punted to a User-Tunable Performance Option!

Many programs have huge numbers of tunable command-line flags, usually not changed from their defaults

```
--eventmanager_threads=16
--bigtable_scheduler_batch_size=8
--mapreduce_merge_memory=134217728
--lexicon_cache_size=1048576
--storage_server_rpc_freelist_size=128
...
```

### Anywhere We're Using Heuristics To Make a Decision!

**Compilers:** instruction scheduling, register allocation, loop nest parallelization strategies, ...

**Networking:** TCP window size decisions, backoff for retransmits, data compression, ...

**Operating systems:** process scheduling, buffer cache insertion/replacement, file system prefetching, ...

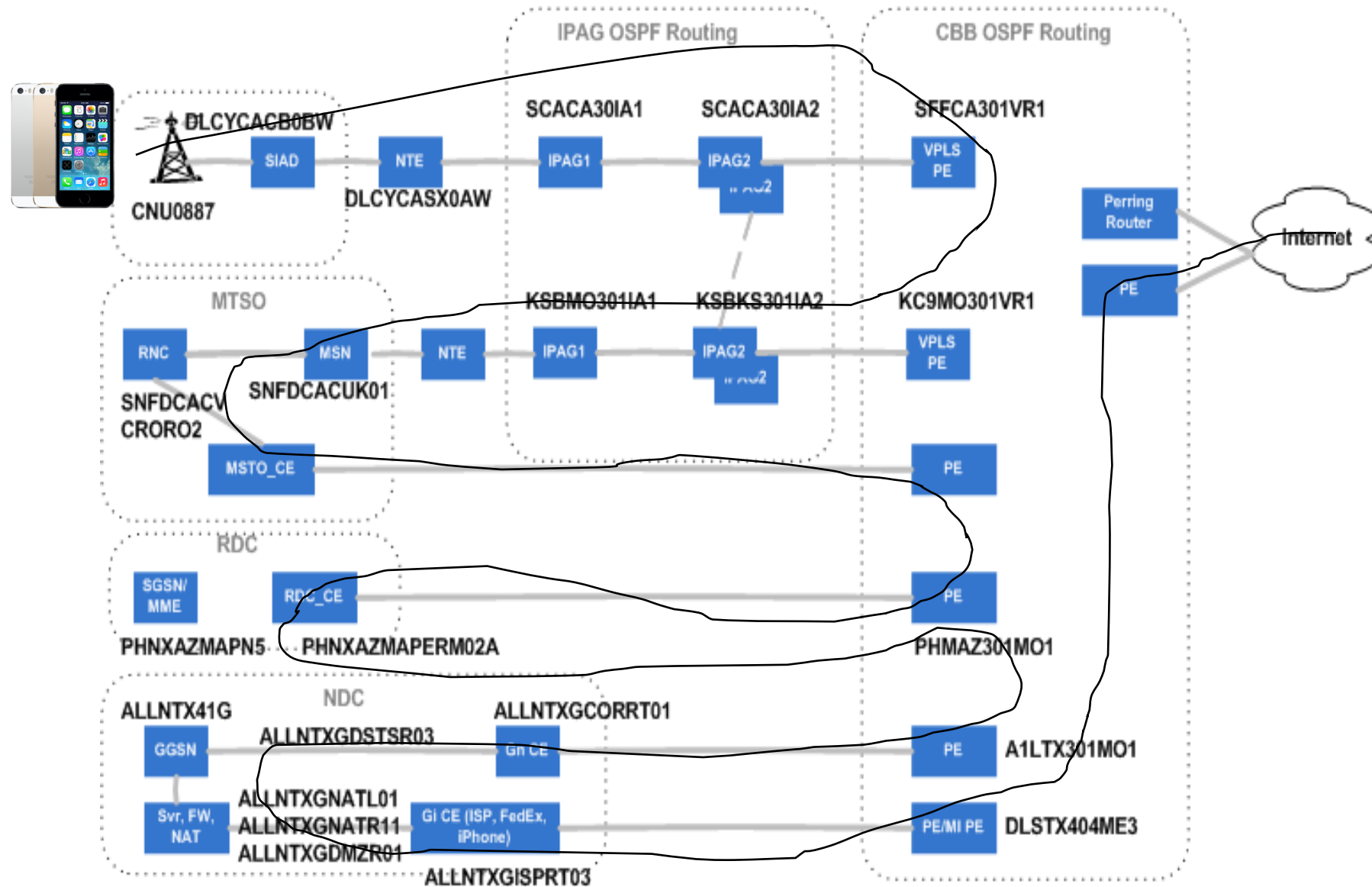
**Job scheduling systems:** which tasks/VMs to co-locate on same machine, which tasks to pre-empt, ...

**ASIC design:** physical circuit layout, test case selection, ...

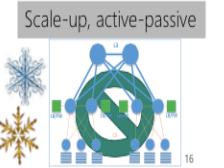
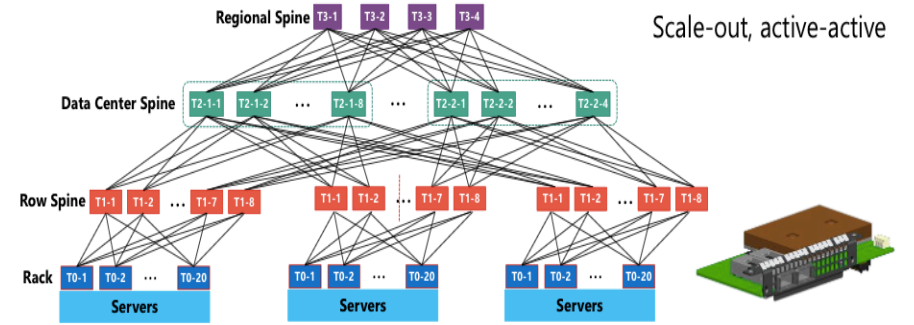
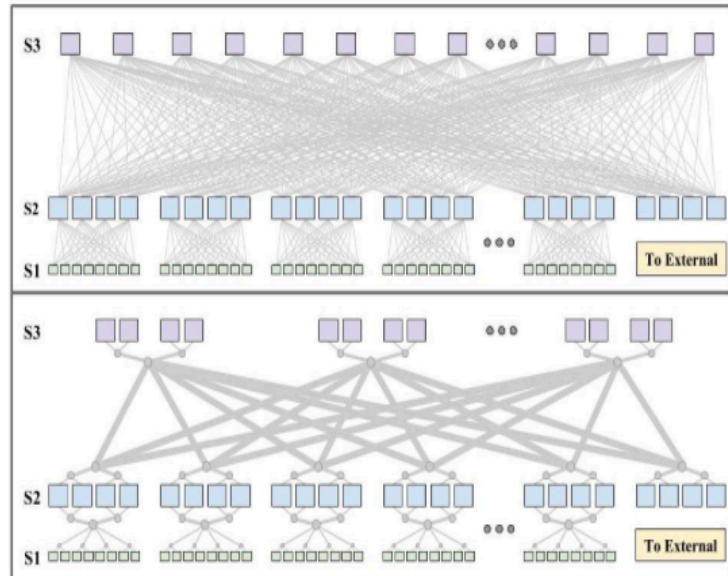
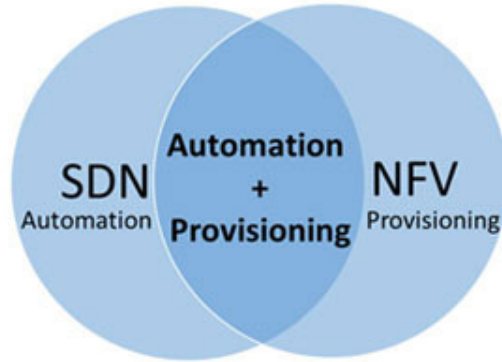
# Outline

- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - *Is AIOps necessary?*
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

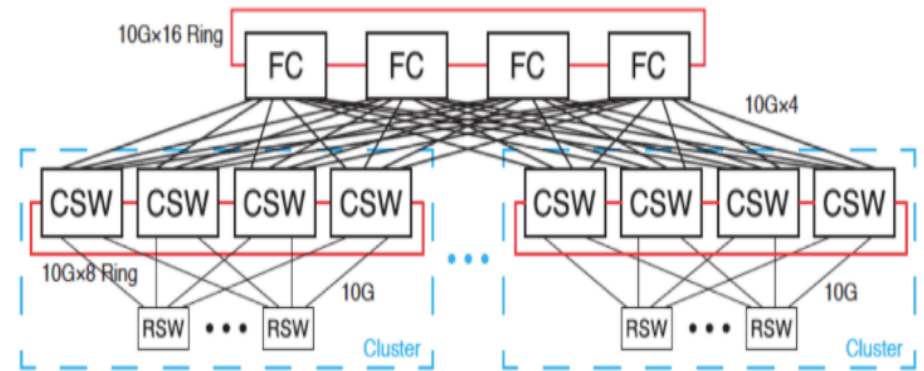
# Complex Access Networks





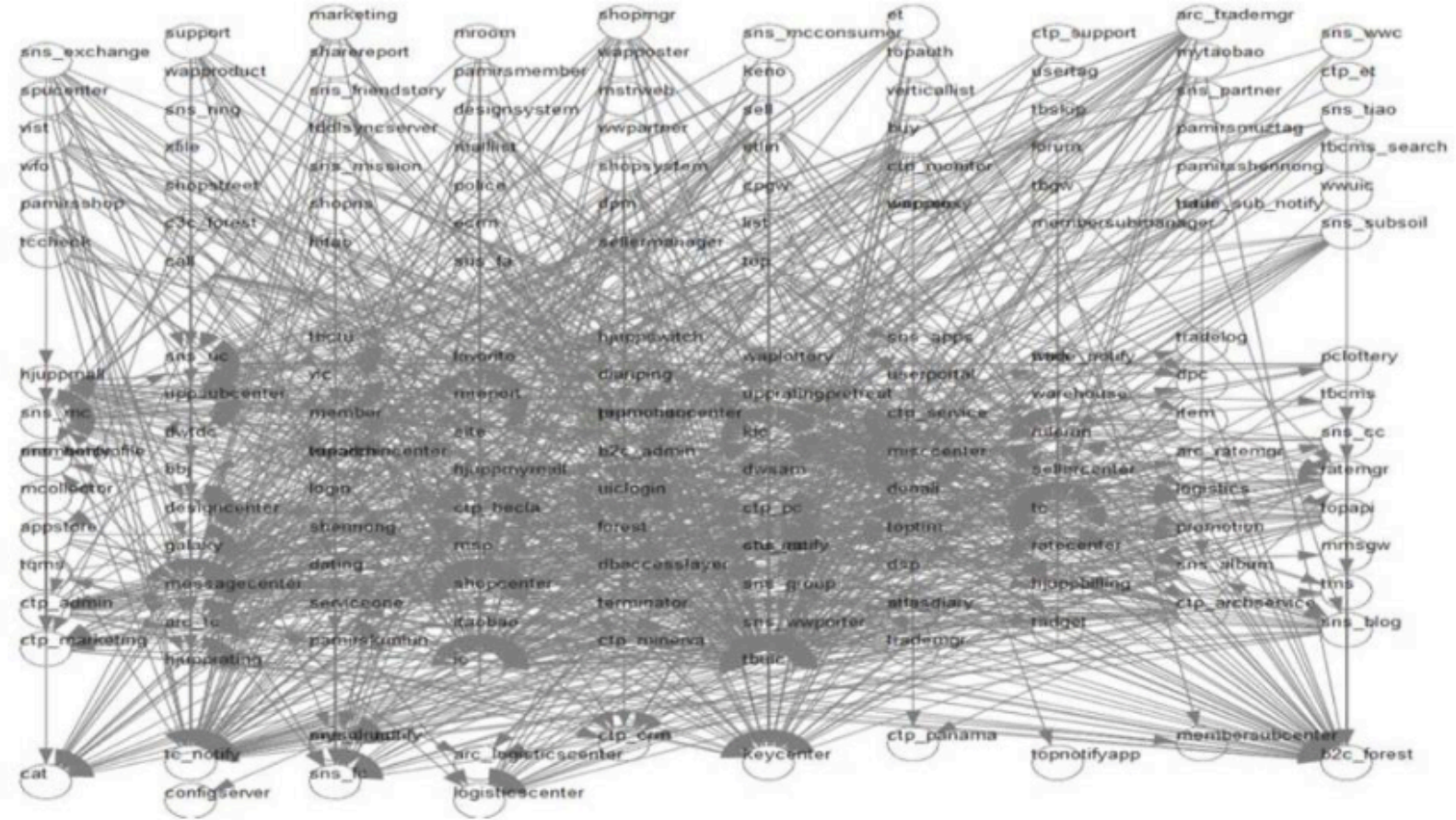


Outcome of > 10 years of history, with major revisions every six months



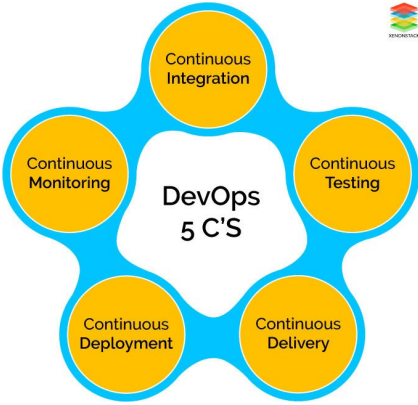
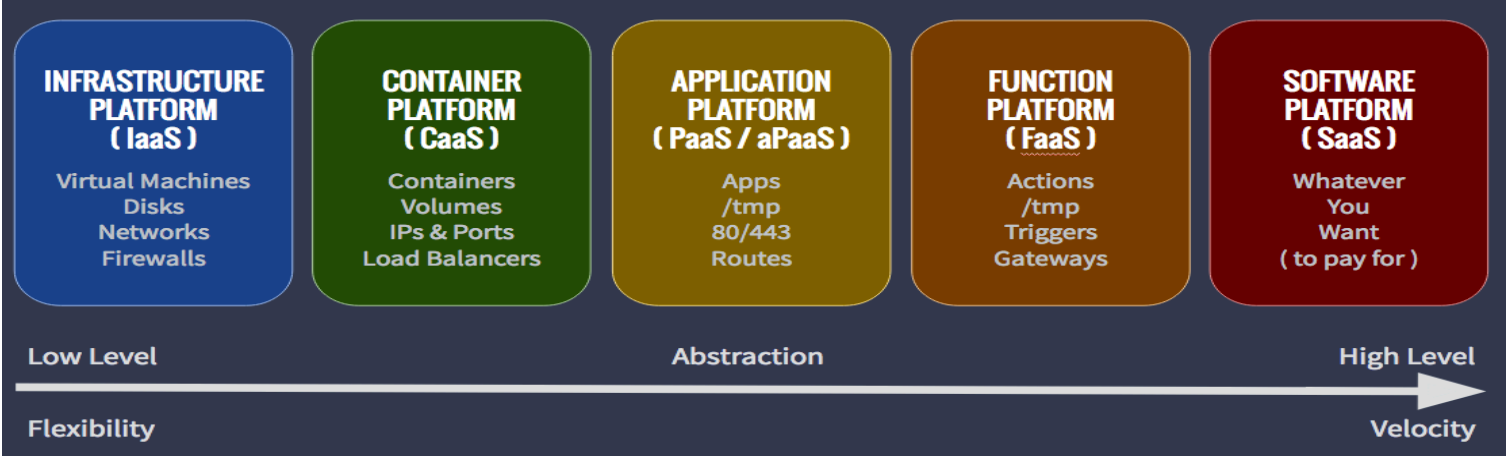


# Taobao's application dependency in 2012



2012 淘宝核心链路应用拓扑图

# Evolving Techniques Enable Frequent Software Changes

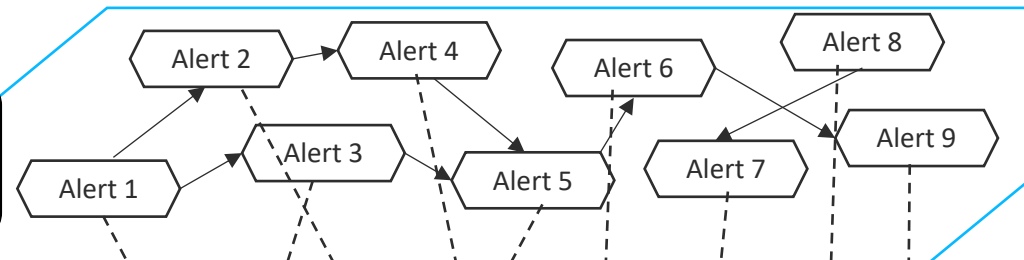


**DevOps Enabler Tools v2 (Caution!!!! : Consider only after DevOps mindset is established)**

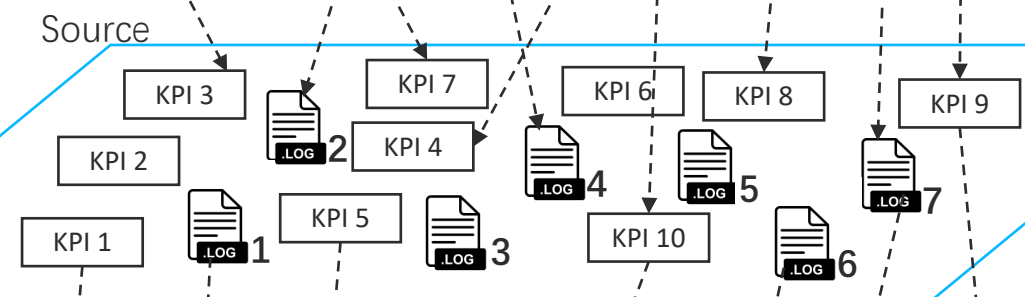
Category	Tools
Infra-as-code	ANSIBLE, puppet, CHEF, SALTSTACK
CI/CD	Jenkins, shippable, Bamboo, TeamCity
Test Automation	Se, Cucumber, appium, JMeter
Container	docker, Rocket, unik
Orchestration	kubernetes, MESOS, MARATHON, SWARM
Deployment	DEPLOY, Octopus, vamp, DBmaestro, Elastic Beanstalk
Measurement	New Relic, elasticsearch, logstash, Kibana, sumologic, DATADOG
ChatOps	LITA, COG 10.5, kloia

Large-scale, complex, cross-layer, dynamic system's digitalized running status → Big Ops data

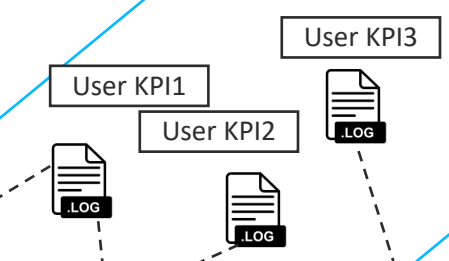
**Anomaly Propagation Graph**



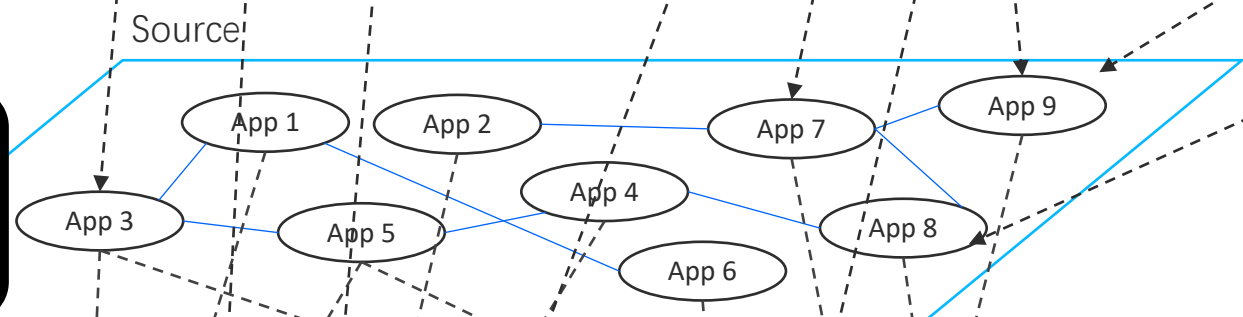
**Metrics and Logs**



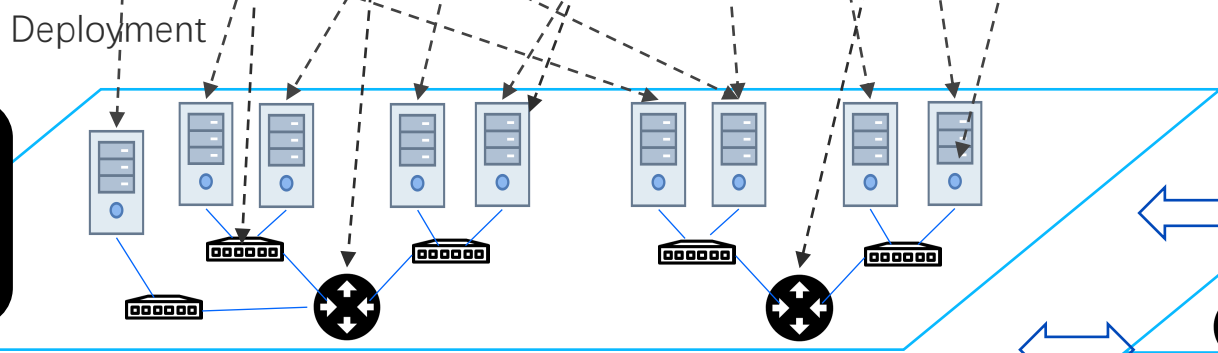
**User Experience**



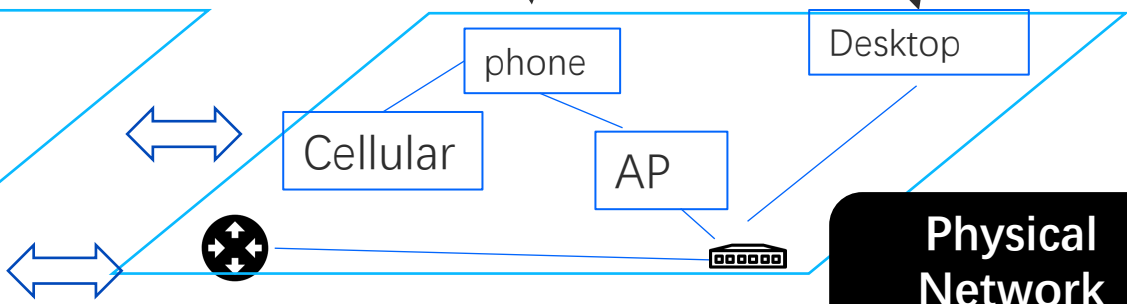
**Application Dependency**



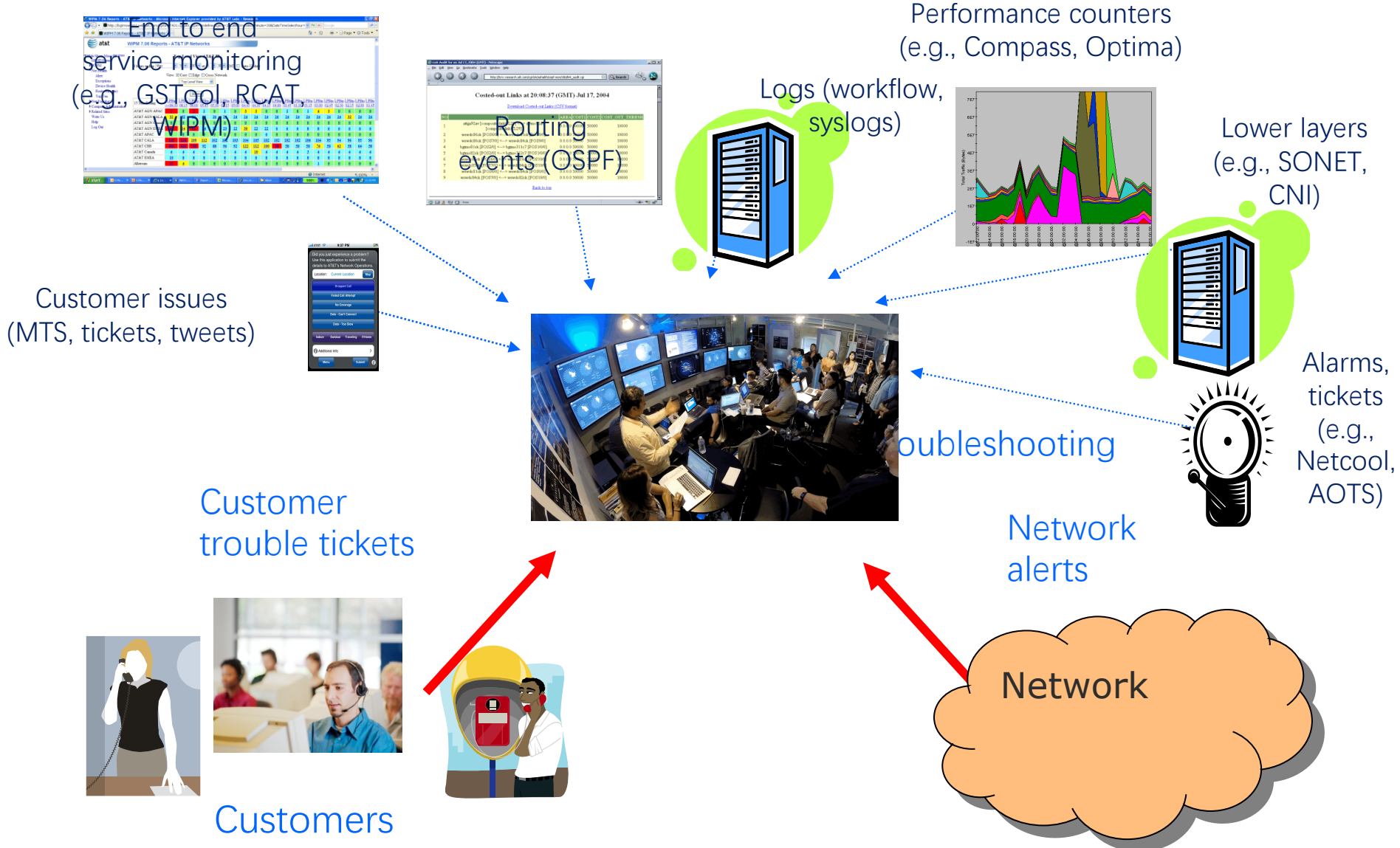
**Physical Network Topology**



**Physical Network Topology**

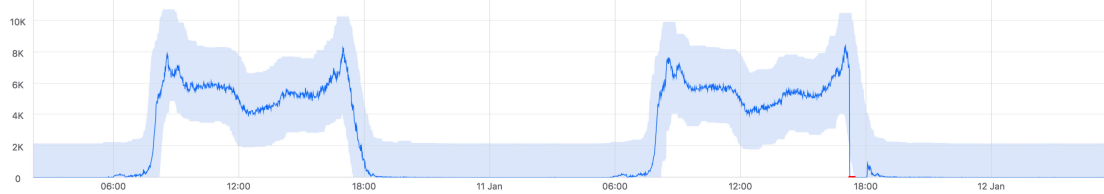


# There are a sheer volume of device-generated monitoring data during daily operations

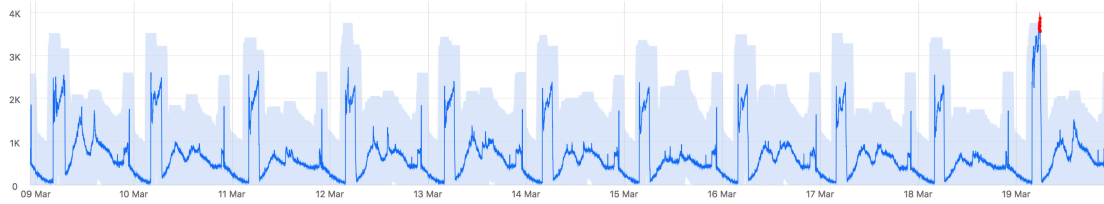


# Diverse Metrics and Their Diverse Anomalies

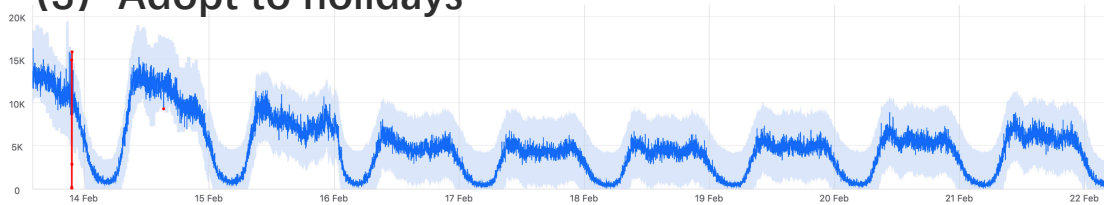
(1) Seasonal metrics



(2) Periodicity shift



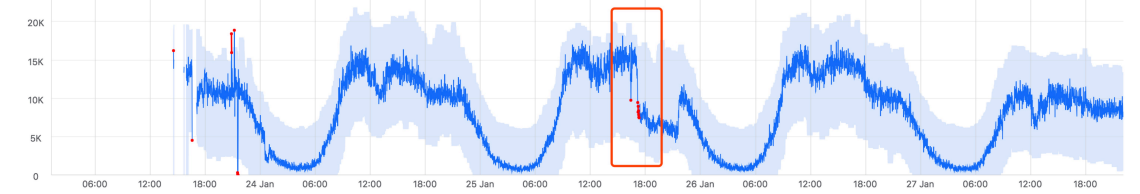
(3) Adopt to holidays



(4) Identify variable metrics and obtain extreme threshold



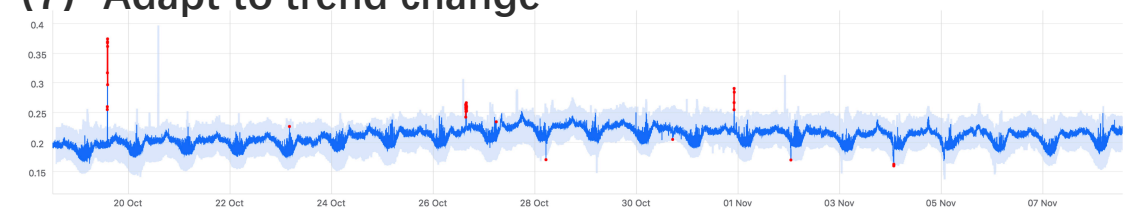
(5) Detect too rapid a change



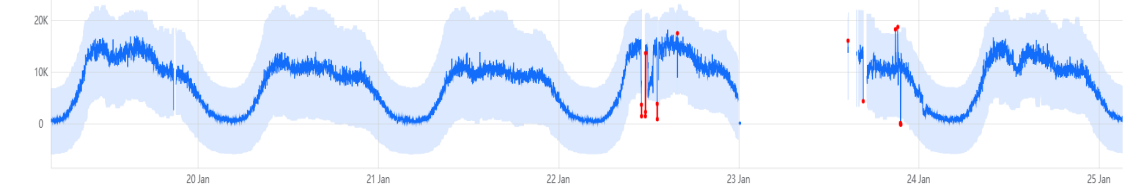
(6) Detect the lack of seasonality.



(7) Adapt to trend change



(8) Robust against data loss or interruption





# There are more than one thousand types of logs in top 20 banks in China

## App logs

### Network Device Logs

- 交换机日志
- 路由器日志
- 防火墙日志
- F5日志
- ...

### OS logs

- UNIX日志
- Linux日志
- Windows日志
- ...

### Environment Logs

- 电力日志
- ...

### DB logs

- Oracle日志
- DB2日志
- Informix日志
- SQLServer日志
- MySQL日志
- ...

### Middle-ware Logs

- MQ日志
- Tuxedo日志
- Weblogic日志
- Tomcat日志
- Apache日志
- ...

```
2018-10-10 20:53:51,194 [JAgentSocketServer.cpp:121] WARN agent 9995 - Listening Port : 20510↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,194 [RequestHandlerService.cpp:189] WARN agent 9995 - RequestHandlerService::handle_input(ACE_HANDLE=38)↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,195 [ResponseCOUNT.cpp:159] INFO agent 9995 - IO: Command (1) INITIALISE_PROCESS ↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,195 [ResponseCOUNT.cpp:302] INFO agent 9995 - ResponseCOUNT: rc=0↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,199 [ResponseCOUNT.cpp:159] INFO agent 9995 - IO: Command (2) INITIALISE_ROOT ↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,199 [ResponseCOUNT.cpp:302] INFO agent 9995 - ResponseCOUNT: rc=0↓
2018-10-10 20:53:51,204 [ResponseCOUNT.cpp:159] INFO agent 9995 - IO: Command (3) INITIALISE_THREAD ↓

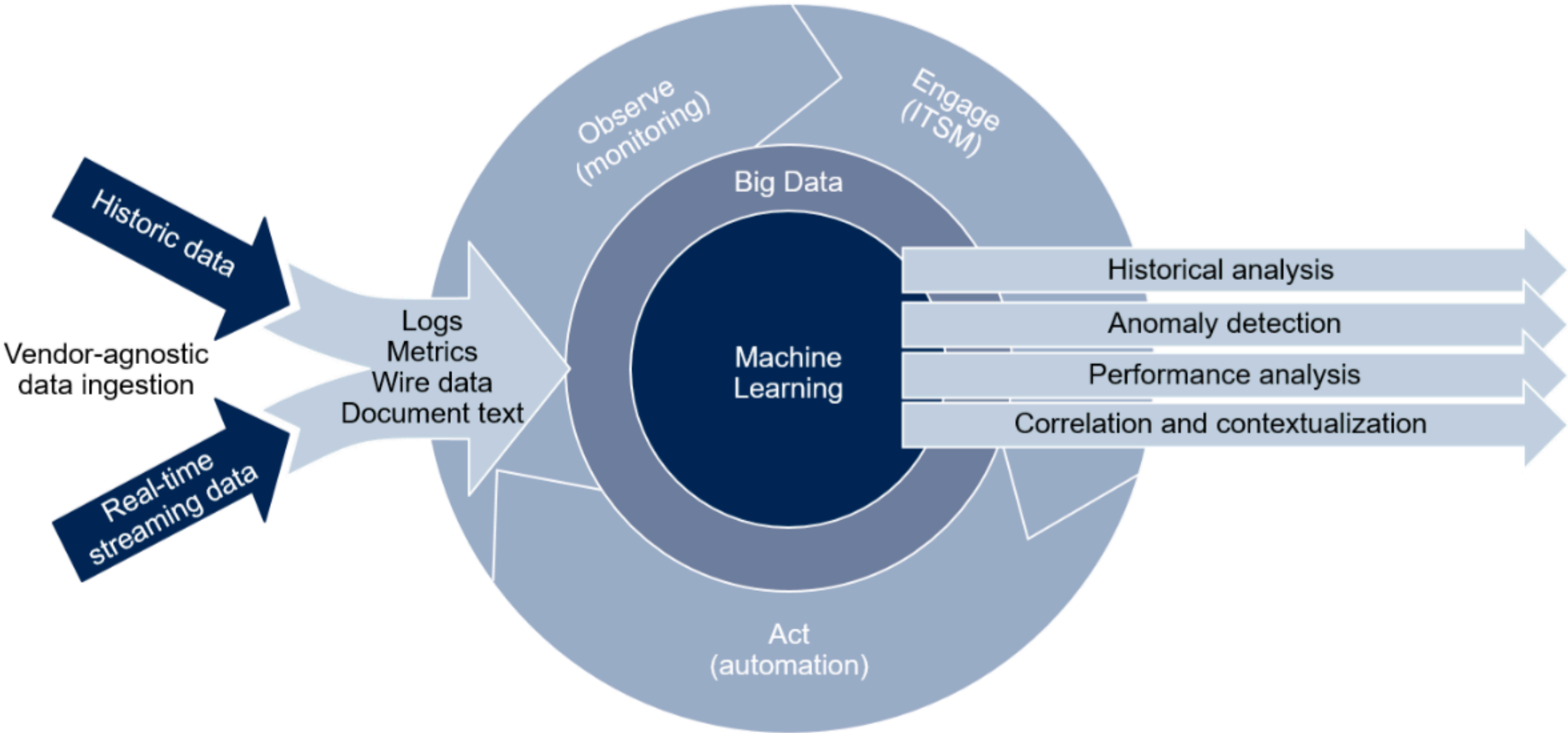
INFO [WebContainer : 15] - queryForList:IDA_TEMPLATE.LISTDATA_MOST_CLICK↓
INFO [WebContainer : 8] - queryForList:IDA_NOTICE.LISTDATA_BY_USER↓
com.teradata.ida.auth.dto.SysUserVO@2c3d3eld↓
[8/10/18 8:29:31:581 CST] 00000032 SystemOut 0 INFO [WebContainer : 1] - queryForList:IDA_TEMPLATE_AUTH.findTemplateByRoleId↓
DEBUG [WebContainer : 7] - 2018-08-10 08:29:32 DEBUG |CsParamSetAction|showAtomsBygid|Start||start=0|limit=25|page=1|fromIndex=0|toInd
INFO [WebContainer : 7] - queryForList:SEG_BIZ_ATOM_DEF.findAtomByRoleAndShowArea↓

EXPLANATION:↓
Channel program 'CS_EDIS_S' ended abnormally.↓
ACTION:↓
Look at previous error messages for channel program 'CS_EDIS_S' in the error↓
files to determine the cause of the failure.↓
----- amqrmrsa.c : 487 -----
08/07/2018 10:14:54 AM - Process(29670.329016) User(mqm) Program(amqrmppa)↓
AMQ9513: Maximum number of channels reached.↓
.
```

# We have no choice but relying on AI to take advantage of the Big Data from Ops

- Volume
- Velocity
- Variety
- Value

# AIOps Platform Enabling Continuous ITOM



# Outline

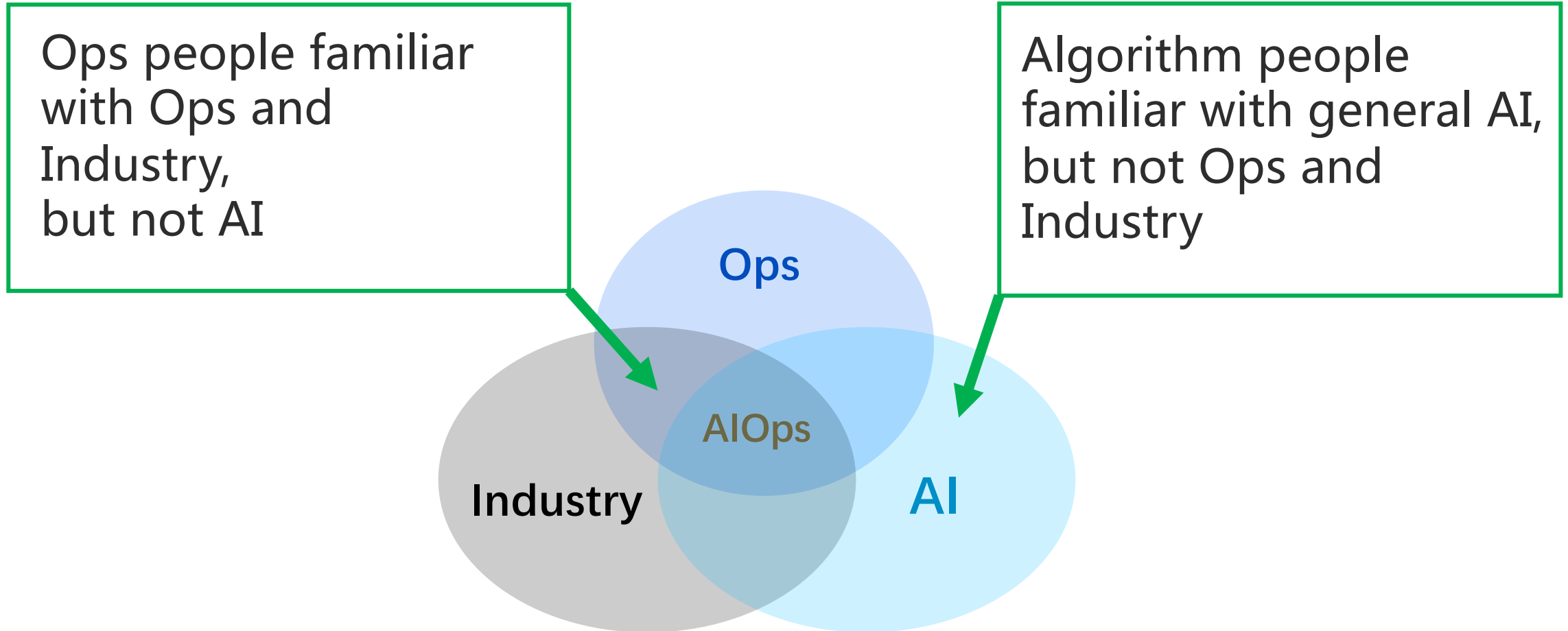
- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - *Is AIOps feasible?*
  - Levels of AIOps
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

## AI Ops has *the necessities required for successful ML applications*

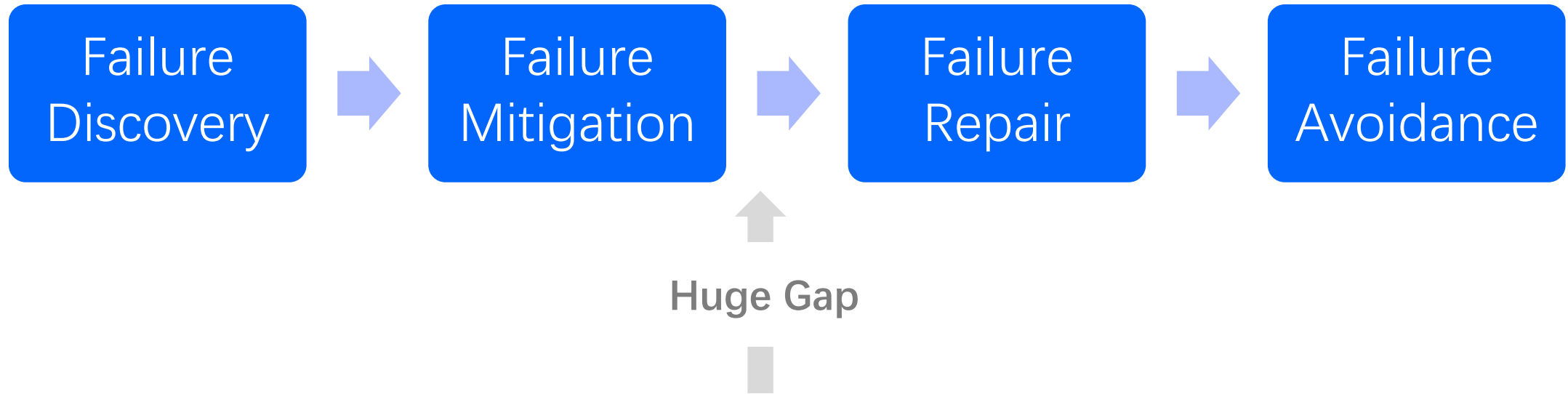
- Machine learning tools (algorithms and systems)
- *Applications that show the value*
- *Large amount of data*
- *Labels and the experts who can label*



# AIOps is still challenging because its interdisciplinary nature



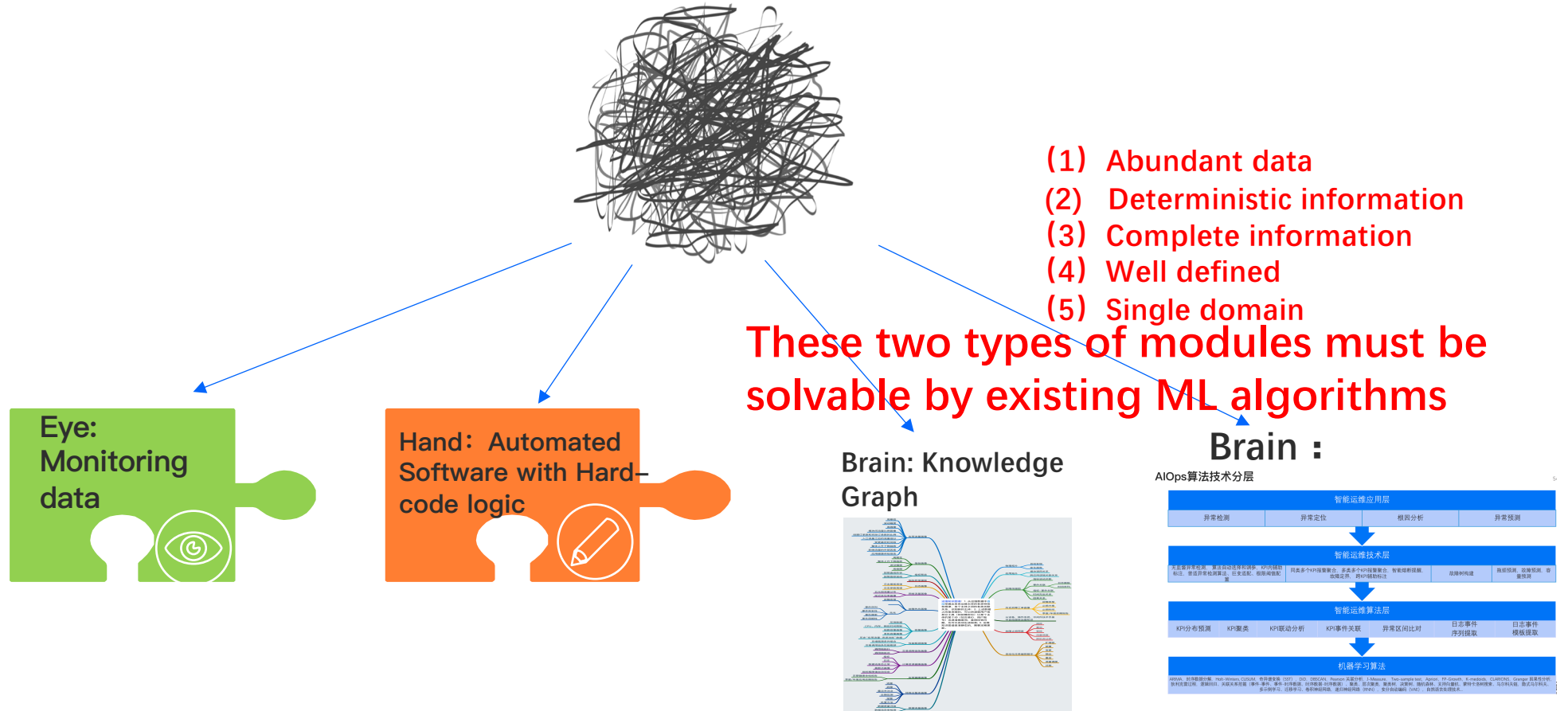
# Pitfalls: use ML algorithms as Blackbox to tackle Ops challenges



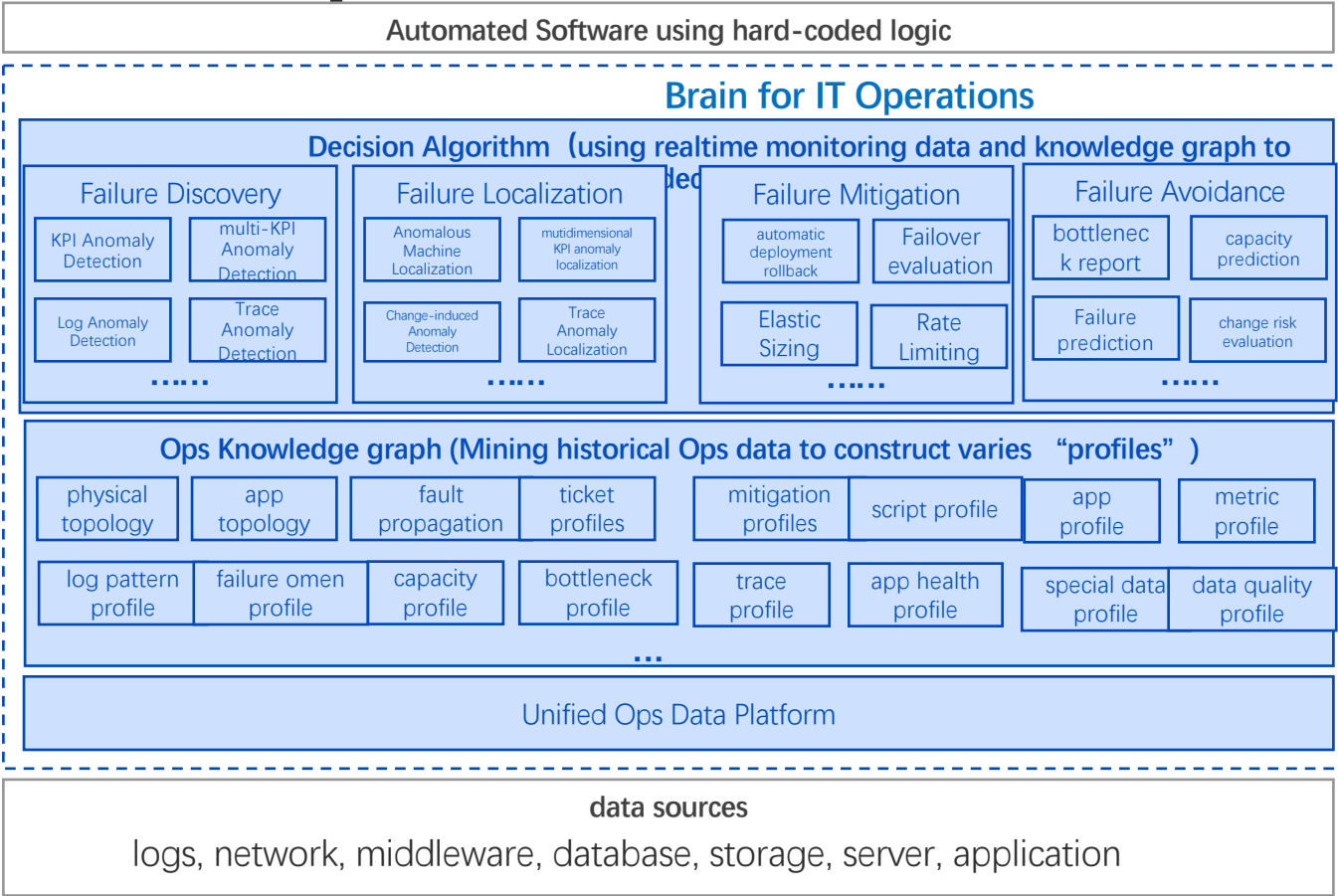
## General Machine Learning Algorithms

ARIMA, Time Series Decomposition, Holt-Winters, CUSUM, SST, DiD, DBSCAN, Pearson Correlation, J-Measure, Two-sample test, Apriori, FP-Growth, K-medoids, CLARIONS, Granger Causality, Logistic Regression, Correlation analysis (event-event, event-time series, time series-time series), hierarchical clustering, Decision tree, Random forest, support vector machine, Monte Carlo Tree search, Markovian Chain, multi-instance learning, transfer learning, CNN, RNN, VAE, GAN, NLP

# AI Ops Architecture : Divide the complex task and Conquer

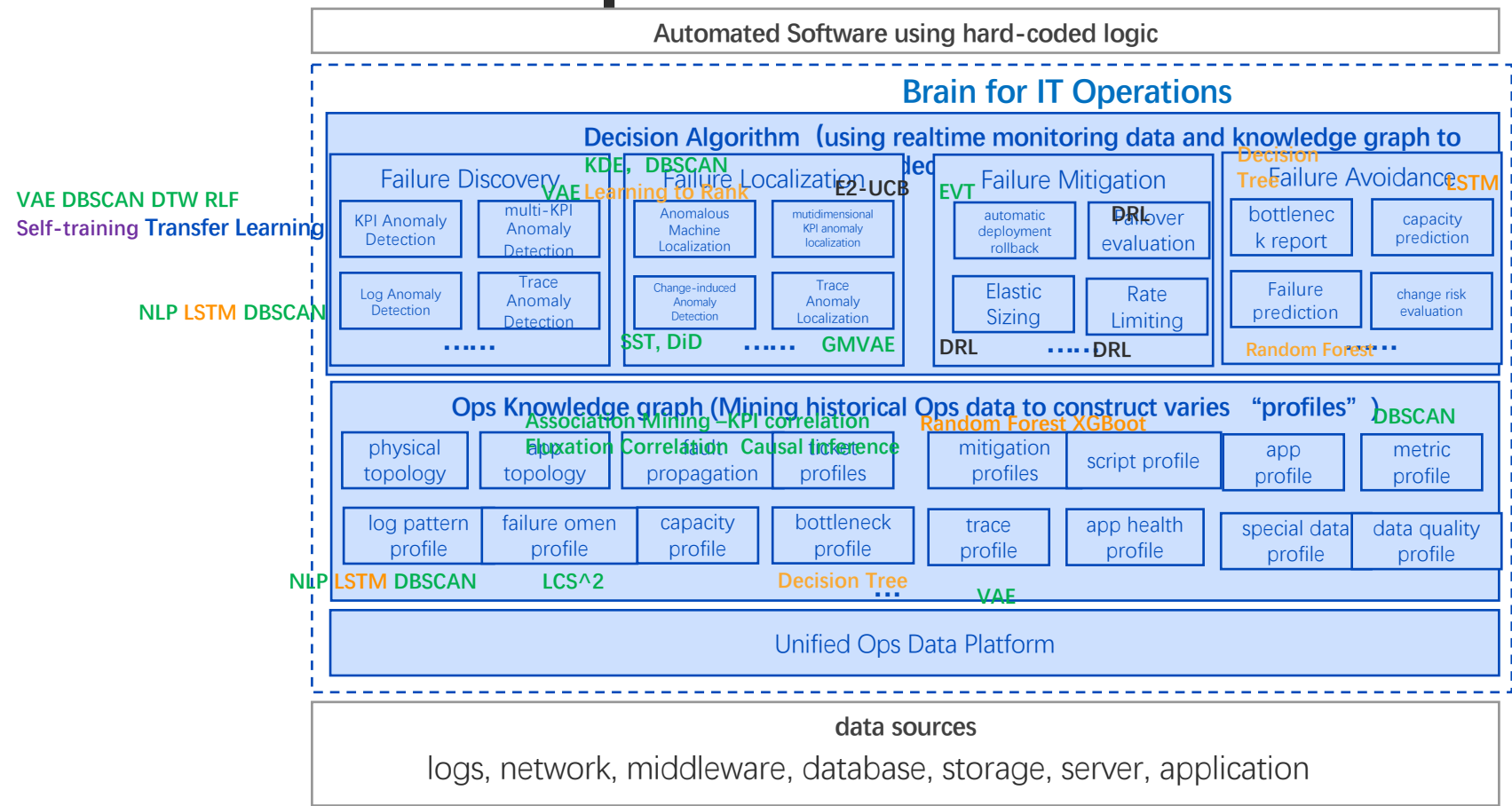


# Brain for IT Operations



Unsupervised Reinforcement Learning Supervised but with labels Semi-supervised Learning Transfer Learning

# Brain for IT Operations



Unsupervised Reinforcement Learning Supervised but with labels Semi-supervised Learning Transfer Learning



# Brain for IT Operations

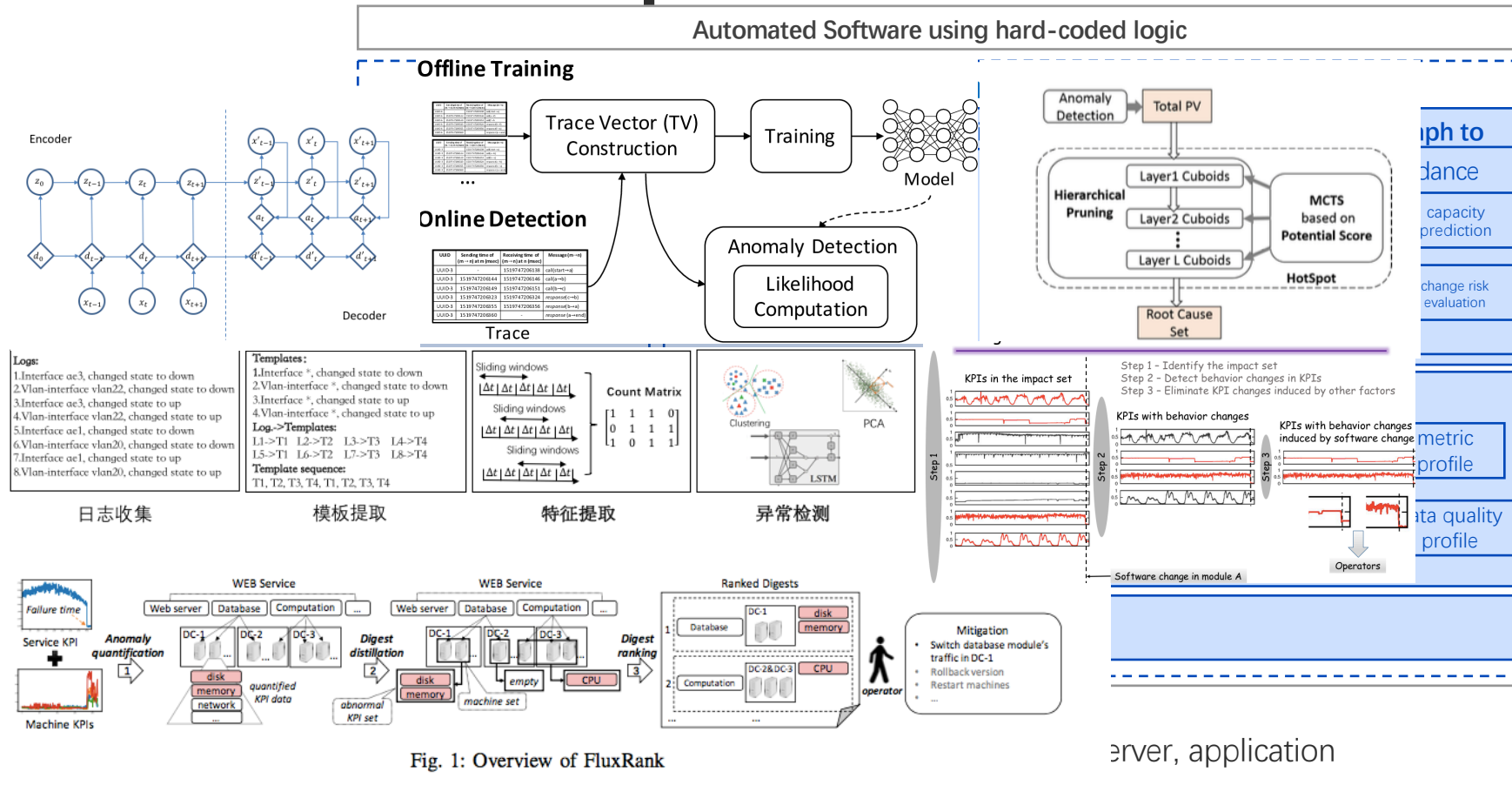


Fig. 1: Overview of FluxRank

Unsupervised Reinforcement Learning Supervised but with labels Semi-supervised Learning Transfer Learning

# Outline

- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - *Levels of AIOps*
  - An in-depth case study
- Operations center tour

# Levels of Autonomous IT Operations

- Cores Per Op (CPO): The average number of x86bCPU cores managed by an Op (40hours/week)
- Assumption: Organization tries their best to achieve certain reliability.
- Try to decoupled with the following factors:
  - Business sectors, scale, architecture, technology, part-time
- Count operators of server, storage, network, middleware, database, application
- Count the hours of operators for triggering scripts, monitoring the big screen, browsing the monitoring data, deal with alerts, troubleshooting, planning, idle time while on duty.
- Do not count the hours of operators for developing IT operations tools.

Level= [ Log (CPO/100) ]	Cores Per Op (CPO)	Typical Enterprises
Level 0	O(100)	Finance
Level 1	O(1K)	Medium Internet companies running on public clouds
Level 2	O(10K)	Large Internet companies
Level 3	O(100K)	
Level 4	O(1M)	
Level 5	O(10M)	

# Example1 : Internet Company A

- All x86 servers: 500K with 12 cores each, 500K with 24 cores each。 In total there are 13M cores.
- Labor:  $(200*0.5+200*0.8)*60/40=390$  Op
  - 200 operators for server, storage, database, and network
    - 60 hours/week; 50% of working time is for manual operations, and 50% of working time is for tool development.
  - 200 operators for applications and middleware
    - 60 hours/week; 80% of working time is for manual operations
- $CPO=13M \text{ cores}/390 \text{ Op}=33K \text{ cores/Op}$
- **Level =  $\lceil \text{Log} (CPO/100) \rceil=2$**

# Example2 : Internet Company B

- All x86 servers: 500K with 12 cores each, 500K with 24 cores each。 In total there are 13M cores.
- Labor:  $(200 \times 0.5 + 200 \times 0.8) = 130$  Op
  - 100 operators for server, storage, database, and network
    - 40 hours/week; 50% of working time is for manual operations, and 50% of working time is for tool development.
  - 100 operators for applications and middleware
    - 40 hours/week; 80% of working time is for manual operations
- $CPO = 13M \text{ cores} / 130 \text{ Op} = 100K \text{ cores/Op}$
- **Level =  $\lceil \text{Log} (CPO/100) \rceil = 3$**



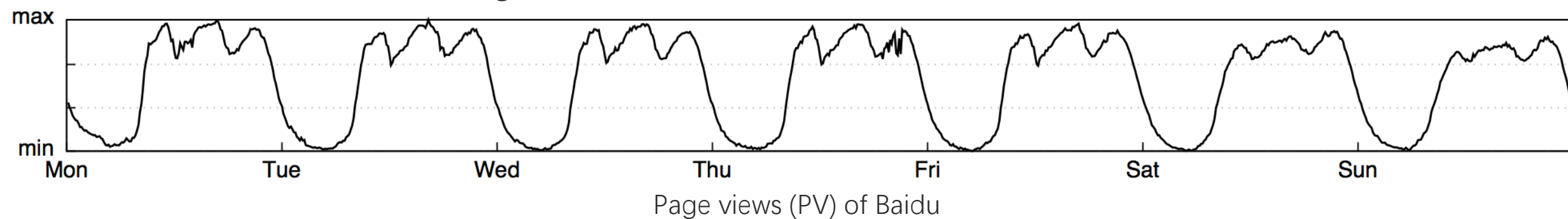
# Example 3 : Bank C

- 10K x86 servers with 12 cores each. 500 small computers, each equivalent to 100 cores. 5 Mainframe computers, each equivalent to 2K cores. 180K cores in total
- Labor  $(100*0.5+100*0.8+200)*60/40=495$  Op
  - 100 operators for server, storage, database, and network
    - 60 hours/week; 50% of working time is for manual operations, and 50% of working time is for tool development.
  - 100 operators for applications and middleware
    - 60 hours/week; 80% of working time is for manual operations
  - 200 Outsourced Operators
    - 60 hours/week; full time on manual operations
- $CPO=180K \text{ Cores}/495 \text{ Op}=363/\text{Op}$
- **Level =  $\lfloor \text{Log} (CPO/100) \rfloor = 0$**
- plan to have 100K x86 servers, and the number of cores increases to 1.26M
  - Keep the CPO, and increase the #Ops to to  $1.26M/263=3360$ , or
  - Keep the #Op=495, but increase the  **$CPO=1.26M/495=3545$  cores/Op;**  
**Level=1**

# Outline

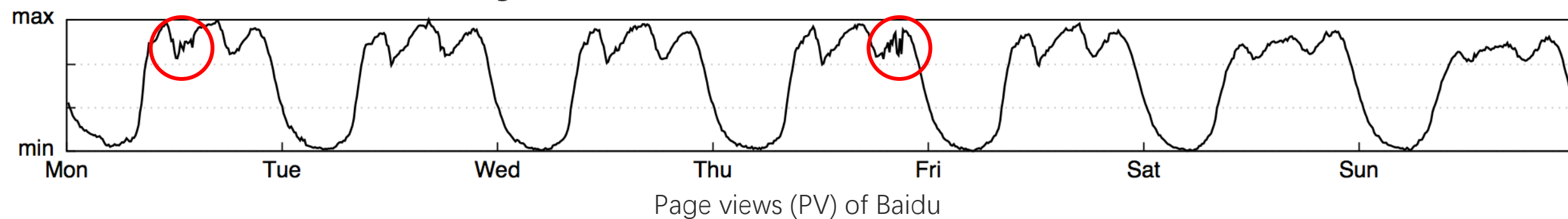
- AI is changing the world
- AIOps: AI for IT Operations and Autonomous IT Operations
  - What is AIOps
  - Value of AIOps: brief case studies
  - Industry Leader' s Opinion
  - Is AIOps necessary?
  - Is AIOps feasible?
  - Levels of AIOps
  - *An in-depth case study*
- Operations center tour

# KPIs and Anomaly Detection



**KPIs (Key Performance Indicators):** A set of performance measures that evaluate the service quality

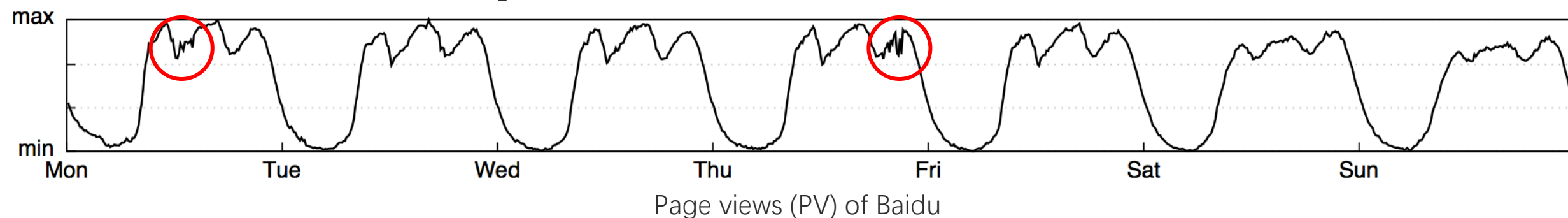
# KPIs and Anomaly Detection



**KPIs (Key Performance Indicators):** A set of performance measures that evaluate the service quality

**KPI anomalous (unexpected) behaviors** → Potential failures, bugs, attacks...

# KPIs and Anomaly Detection



**KPIs (Key Performance Indicators):** A set of performance measures that evaluate the service quality

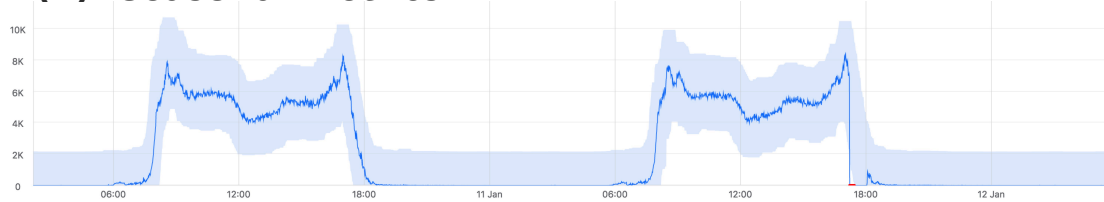
**KPI anomalous (unexpected) behaviors** → Potential failures, bugs, attacks...

**Anomaly detection matters:** Find anomalous behaviors of the KPI curve

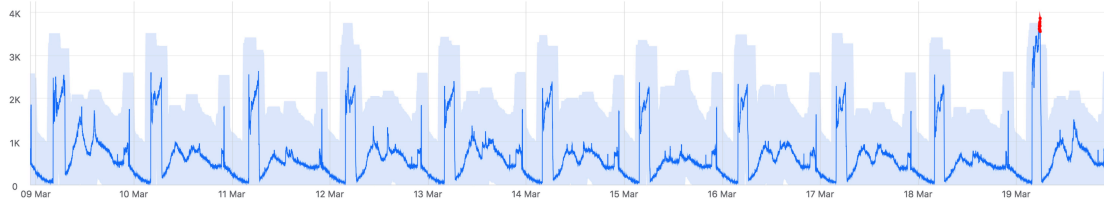
- Diagnose and fix it
- Avoid further influences and revenue losses

# Diverse Metrics and Their Diverse Anomalies

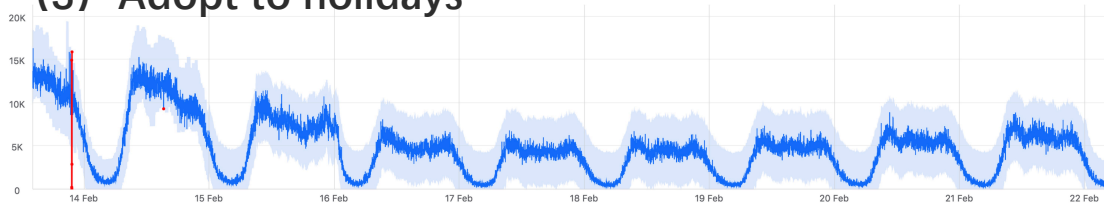
(1) Seasonal metrics



(2) Periodicity shift



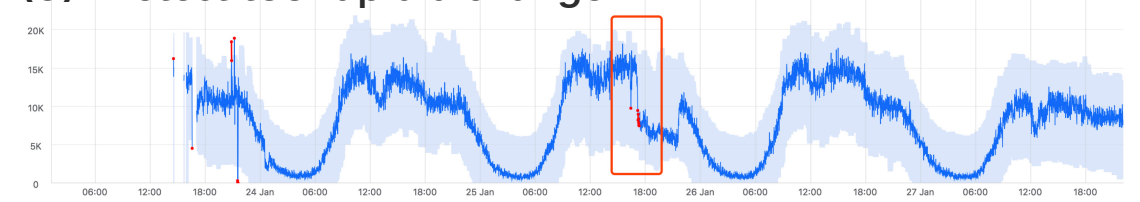
(3) Adopt to holidays



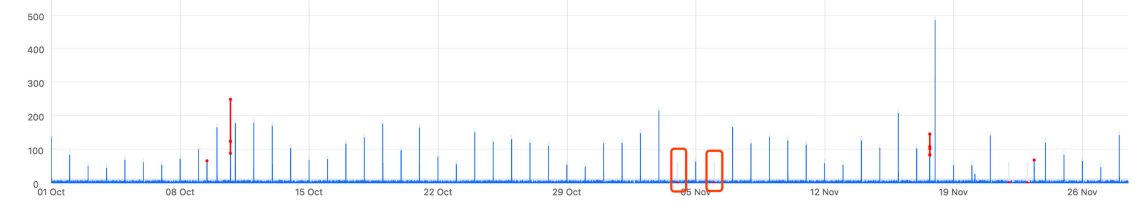
(4) Identify variable metrics and obtain extreme threshold



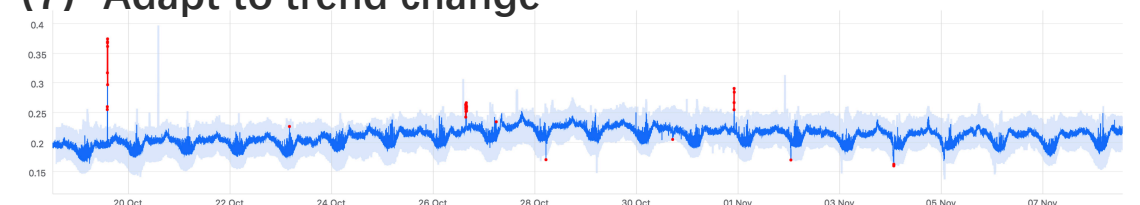
(5) Detect too rapid a change



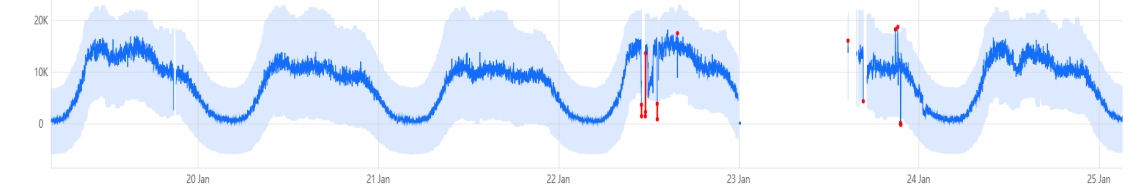
(6) Detect the lack of seasonality.



(7) Adapt to trend change

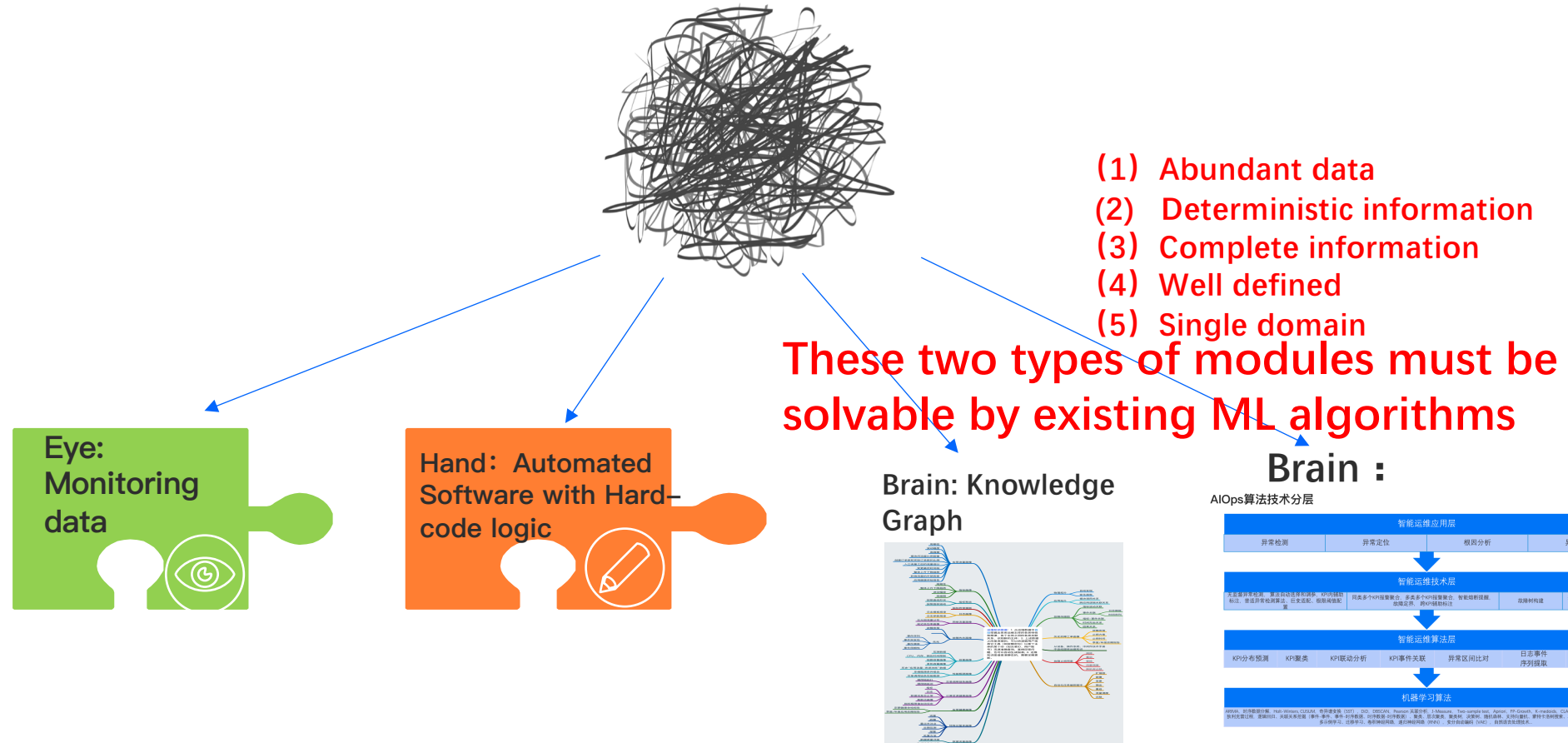


(8) Robust against data loss or interruption

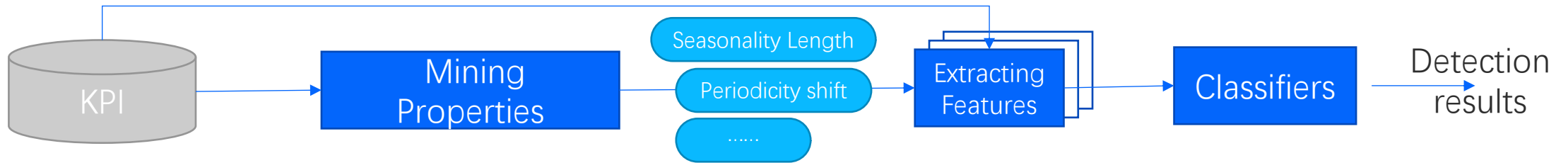




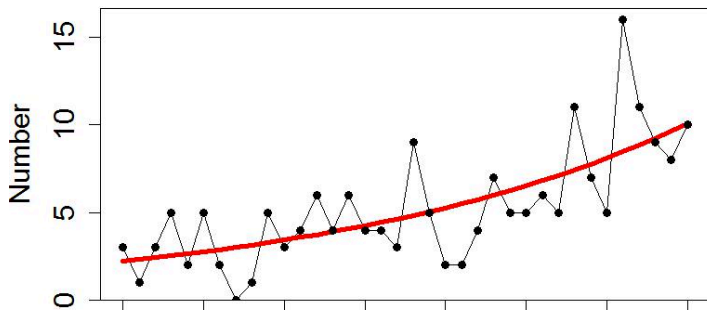
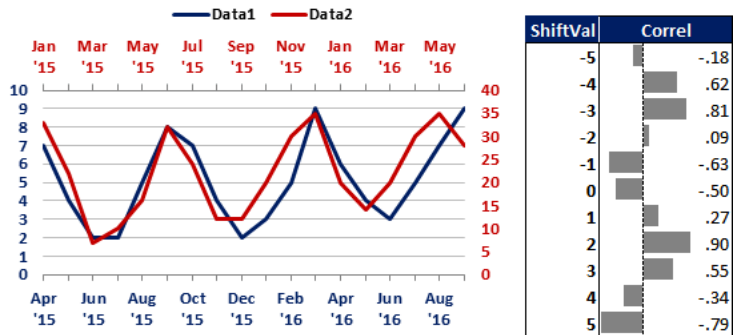
# AI Ops Architecture : Divide the complex task and Conquer



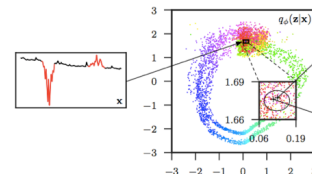
# Architecture



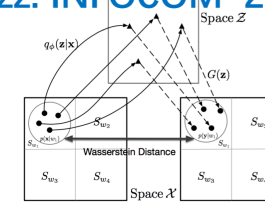
**Cross Correlation Analysis** *Shift = -3, Correlation = .81*  
*Data 1 is compared to a Data2 that has been shifted back by 3 months.*



**Donut: WWW2018**



**Buzz: INFOCOM 2019**



**Label-Less: INFOCOM 2019**

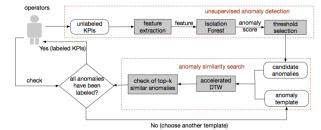
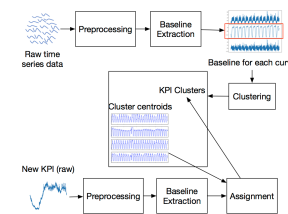
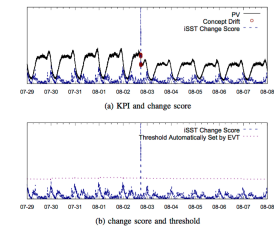


Figure 2: The overall framework of Label-Less.

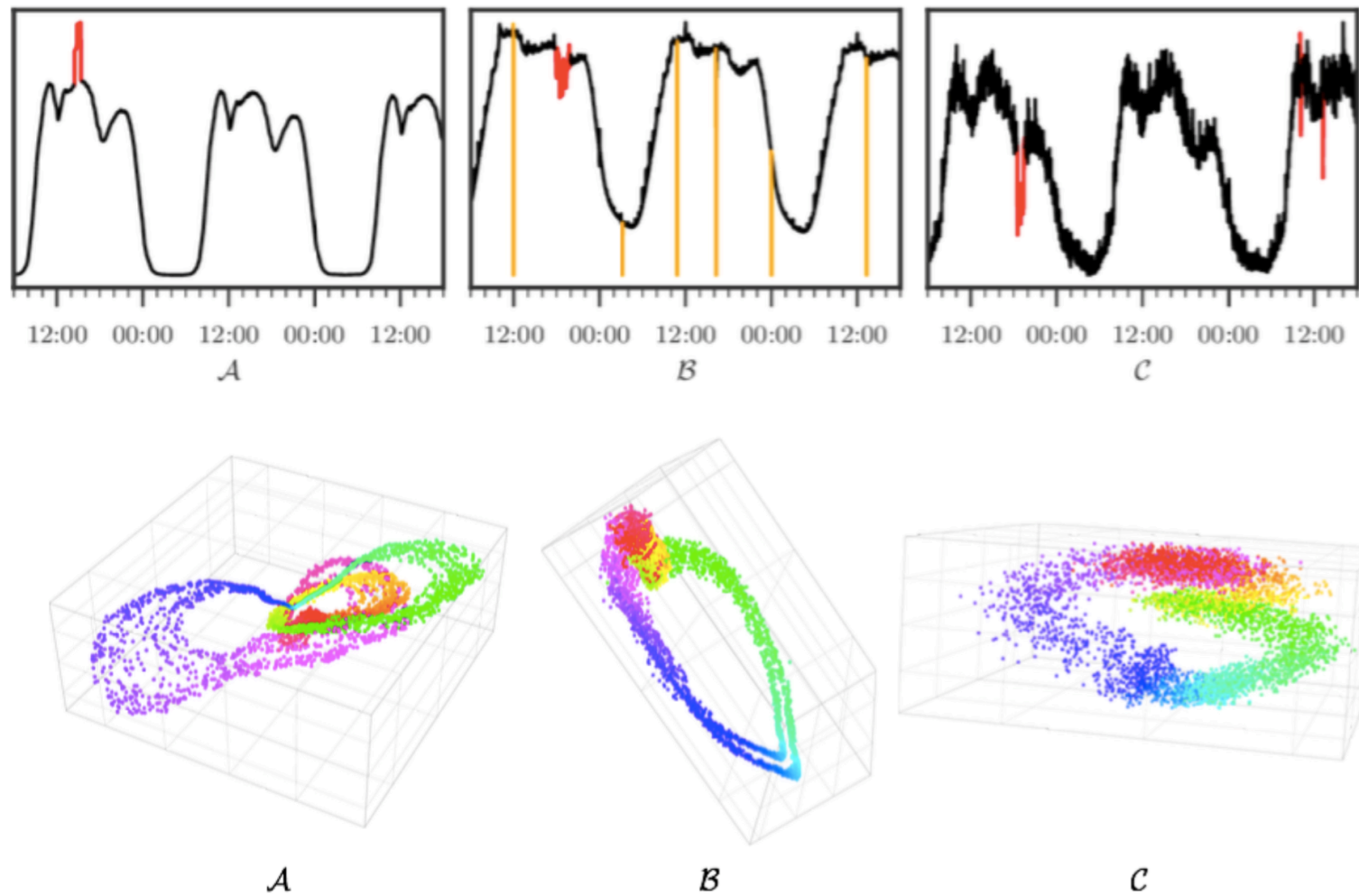
**ROCKA: IWQOS 2018**



**StepWise: ISSRE 2018 Best Paper**

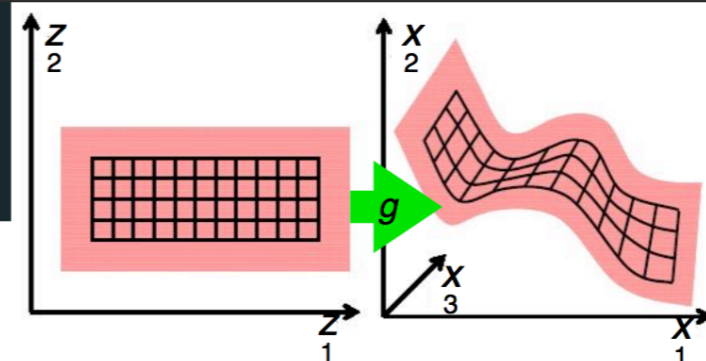


# Donut: supervised- $\rightarrow$ unsupervised: smooth KPIs

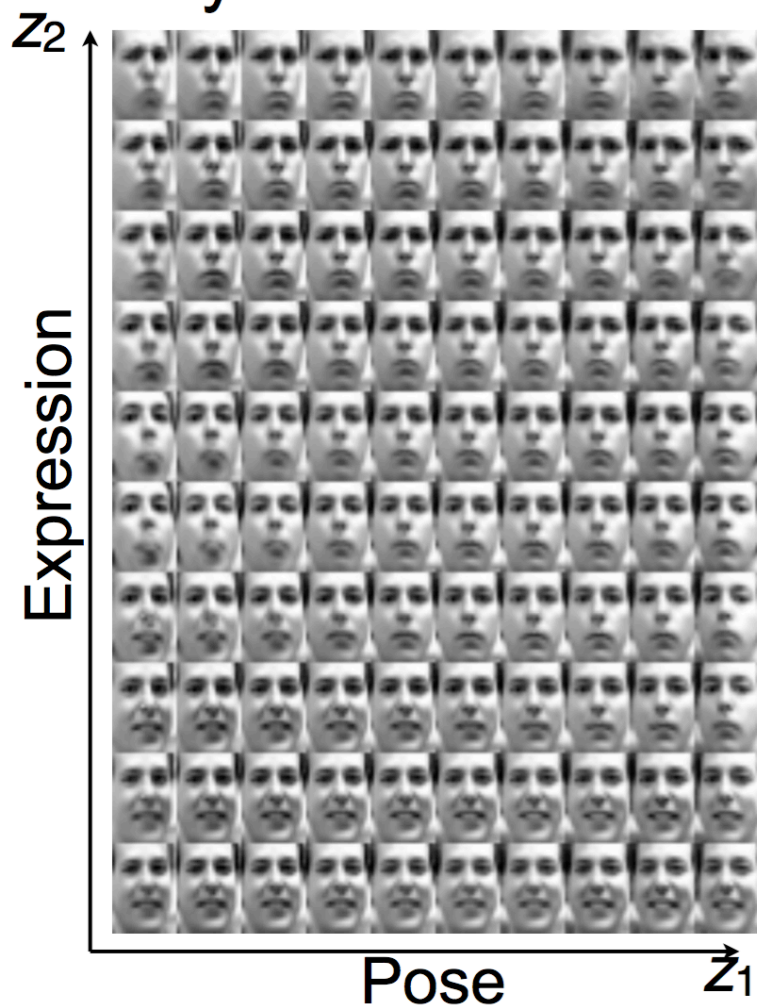


**Figure 12: 3-d latent space of all three datasets.**

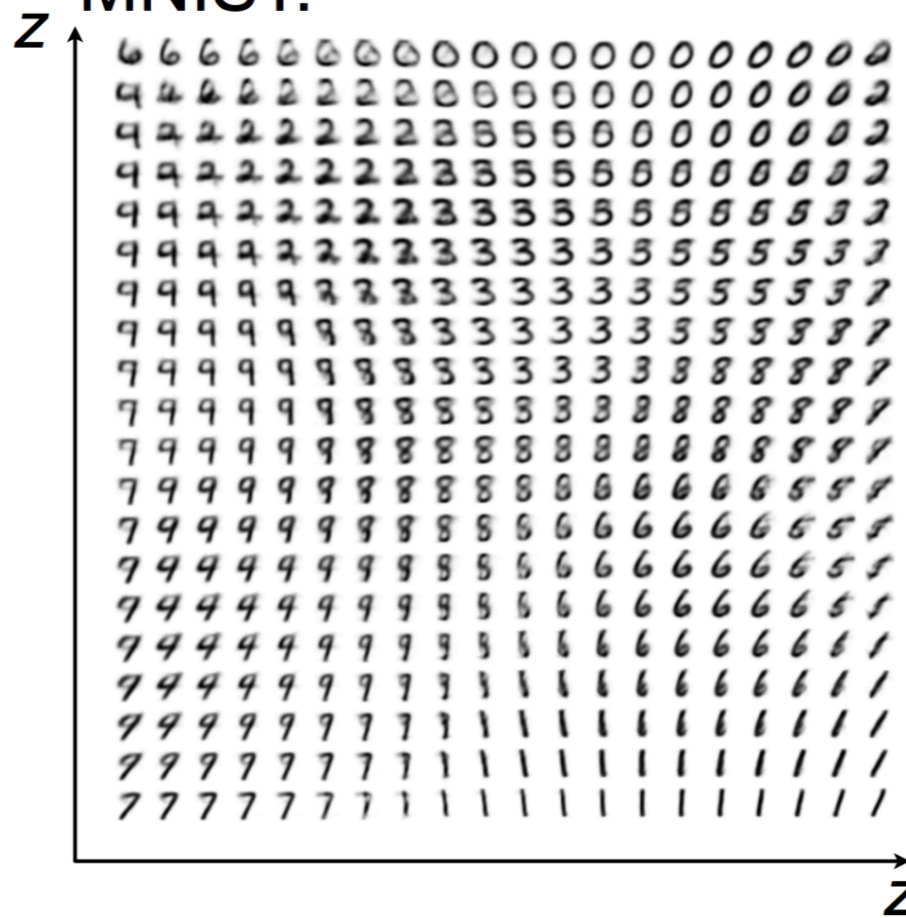
# Latent Variable Models



Frey Faces:



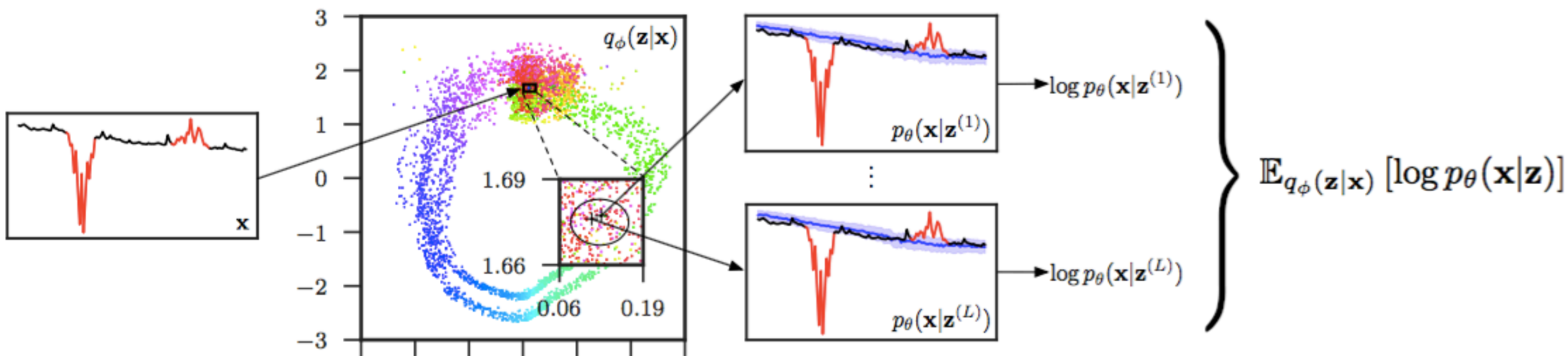
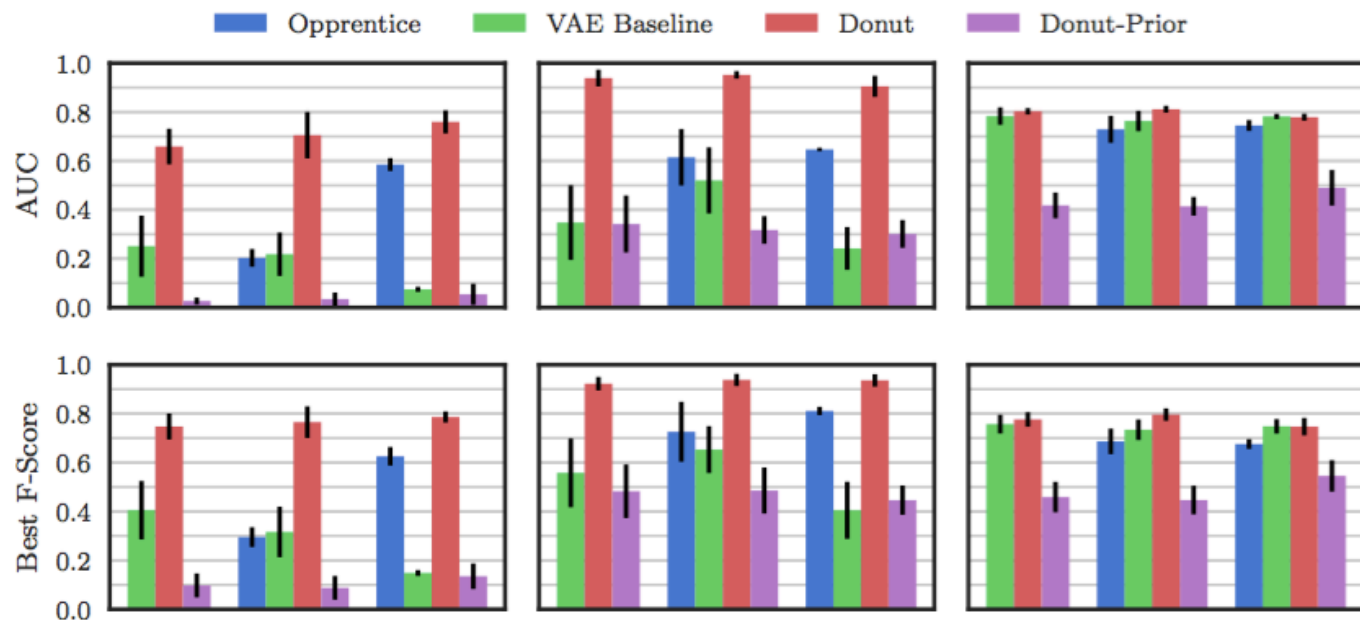
MNIST:



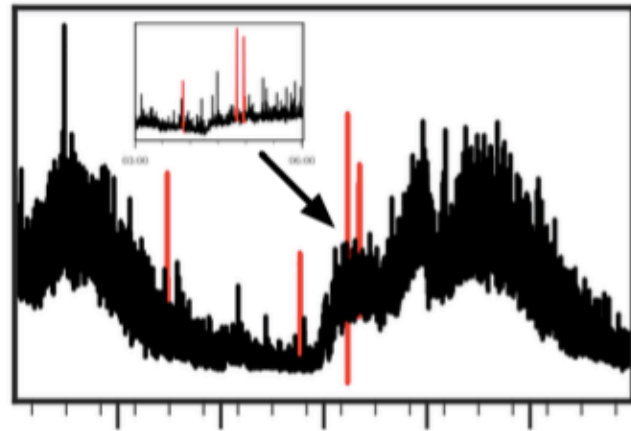
# Unsupervised KPI Anomaly Detection Through Variational Auto-Encoder

WWW2018

Accuracy of 0.8~0.9, even better than supervised approach.

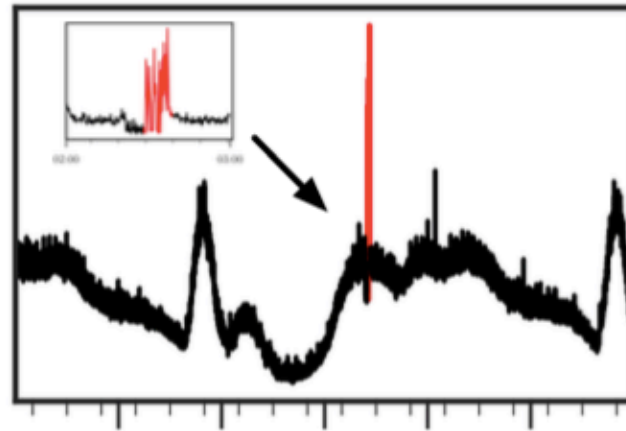


# Buzz: Apply Adversarial Training for non-Gaussian noise



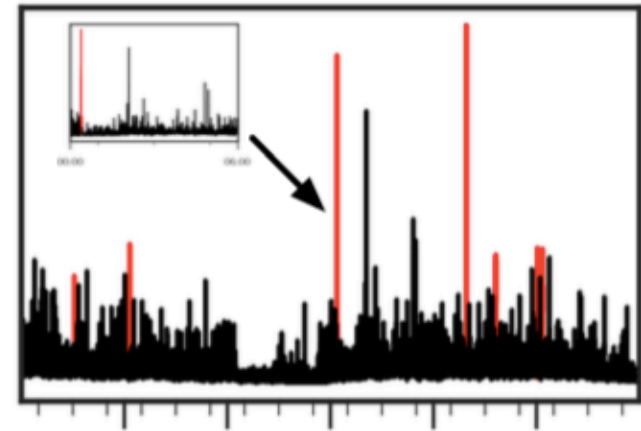
12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*A*



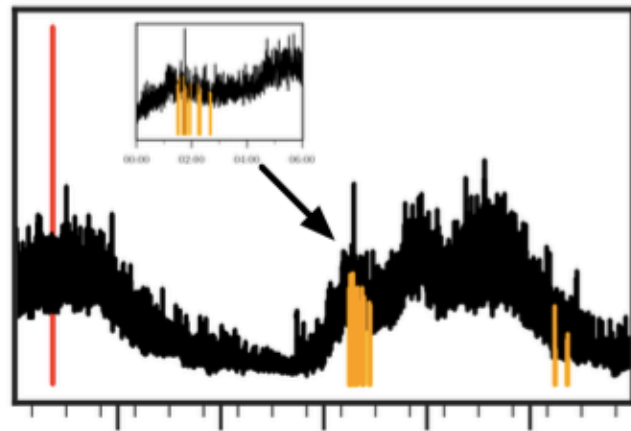
12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*B*



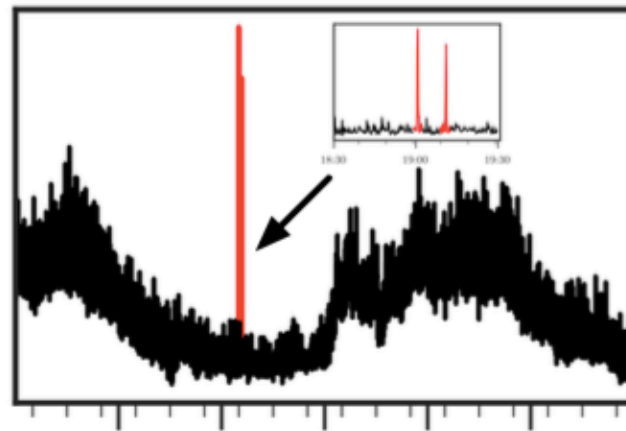
12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*C*



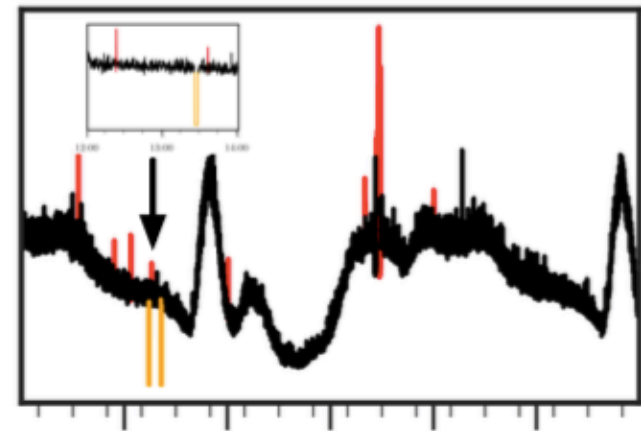
12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*D*



12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*E*



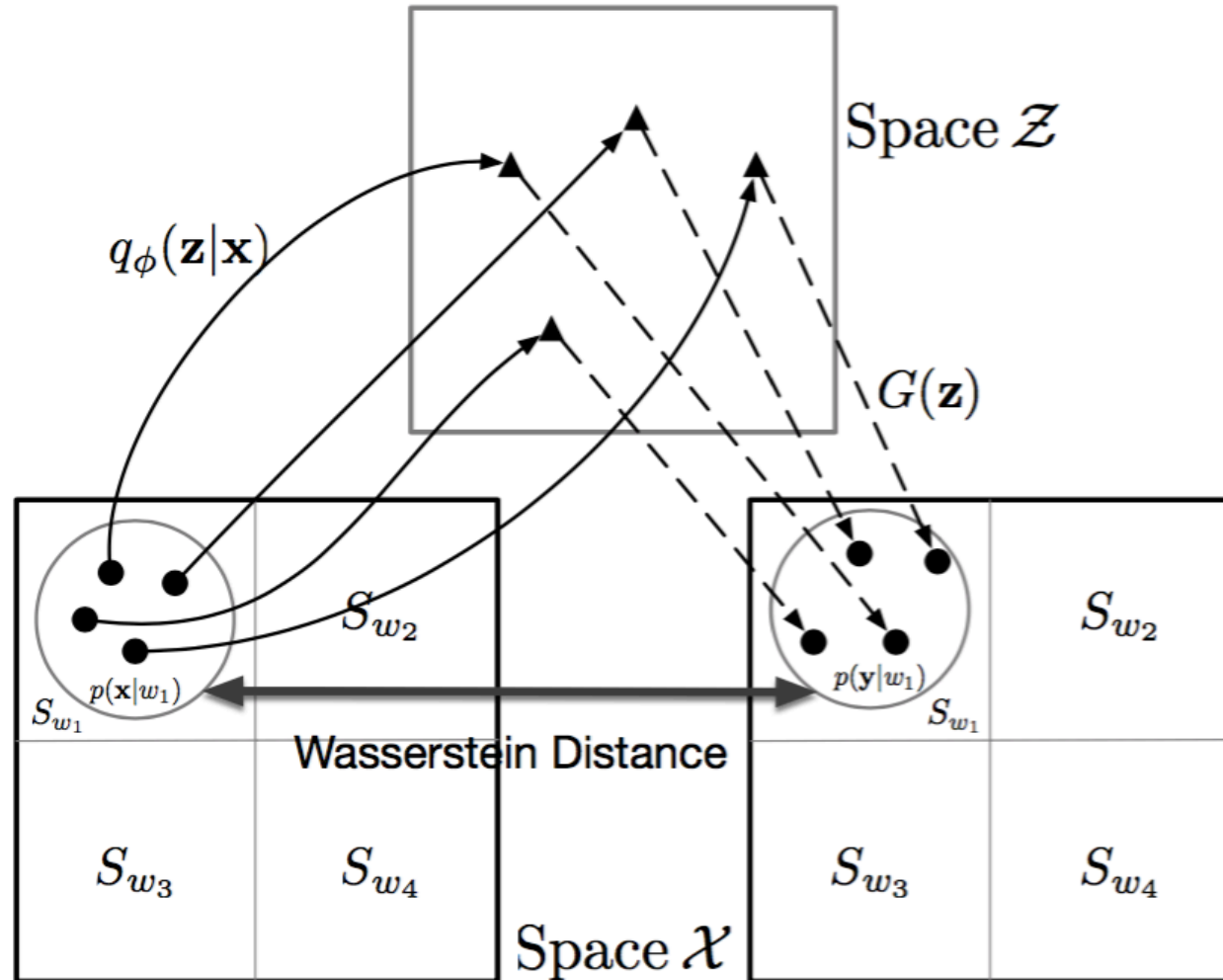
12:00 18:00 00:00 06:00 12:00

*F*



# Unsupervised Anomaly Detection for Intricate KPIs via Adversarial Training of VAE

INFOCOM 2019

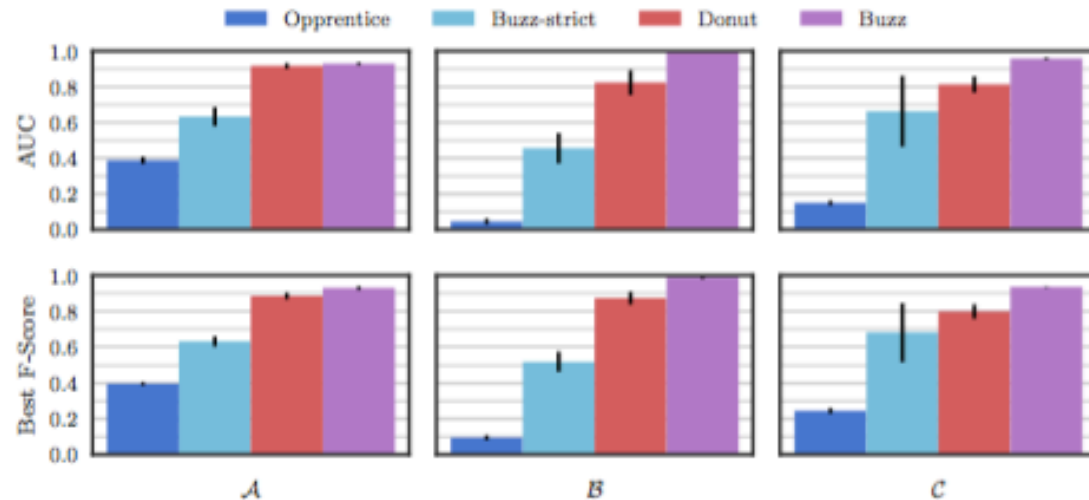
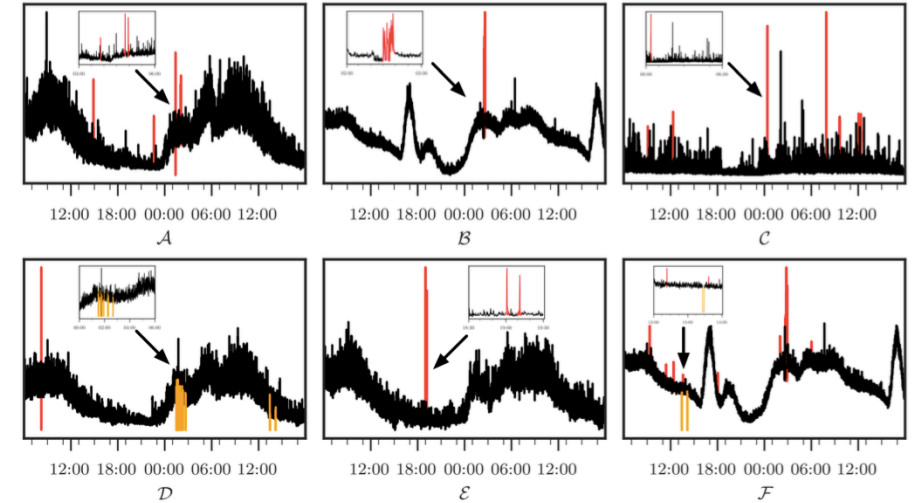


We use two major ideas in Buzz:

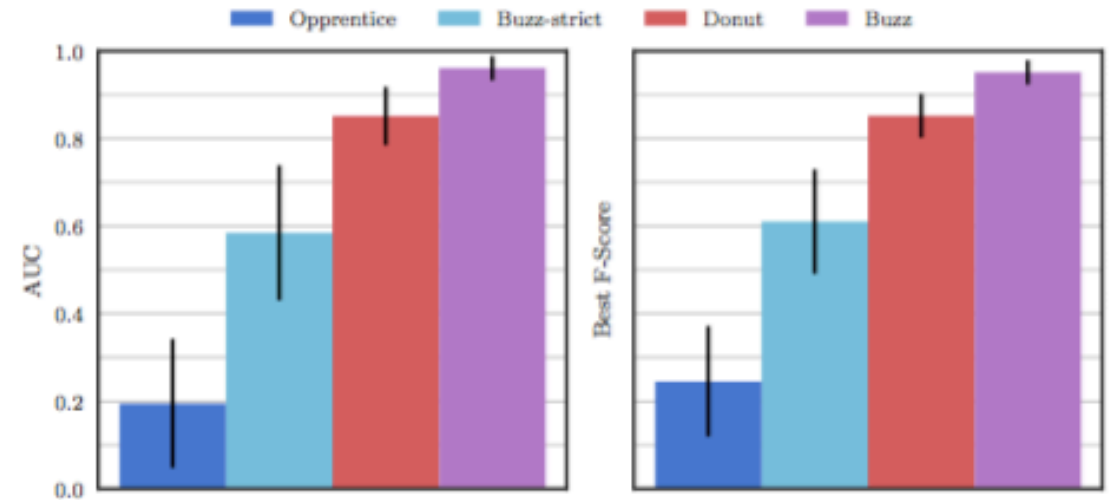
- Wasserstein distance: the distance between the two probability distributions
- Partitioning from measure theory. a powerful and commonly used analysis method for distribution in measure theory.

# Experiment Results

Best F-Score outperforms Donut by up to 0.15



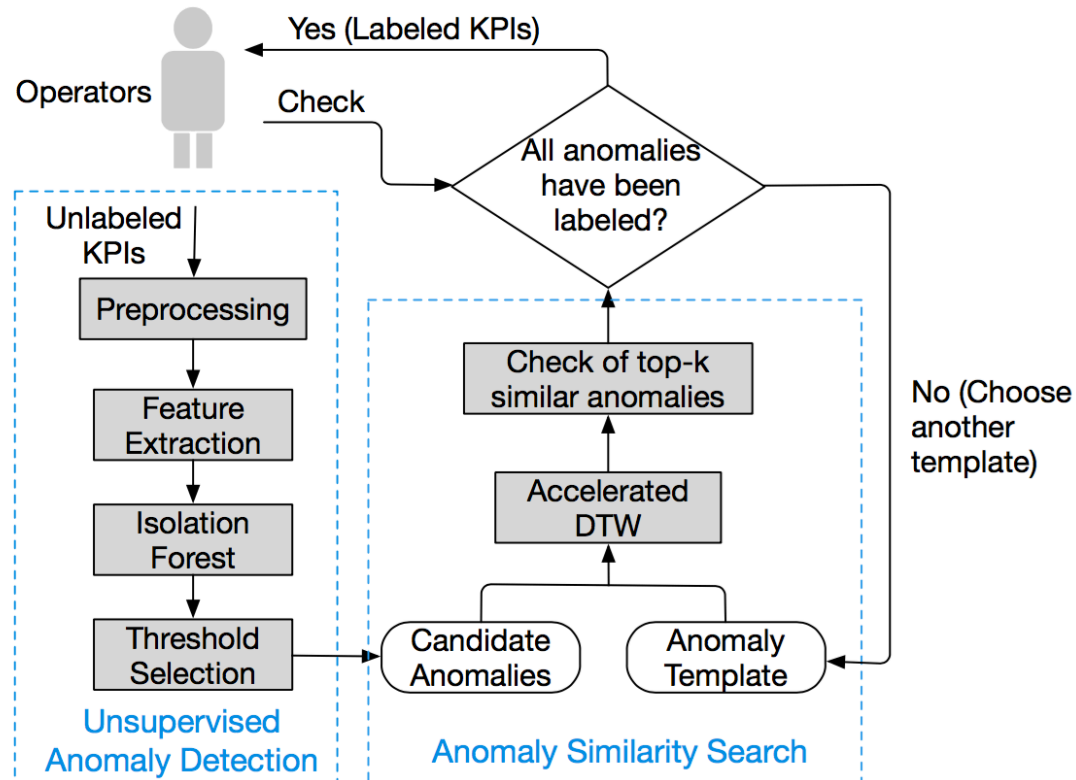
(a) Datasets A, B, C



(b) Average of 11 KPIs

# Label-Less: A Semi-automatic Labeling Tool for KPI Anomalies

- Best F-score : 0.95
- Real-time response time : less than 0.5 second
- Reduce operators' labeling overhead by more than 95%

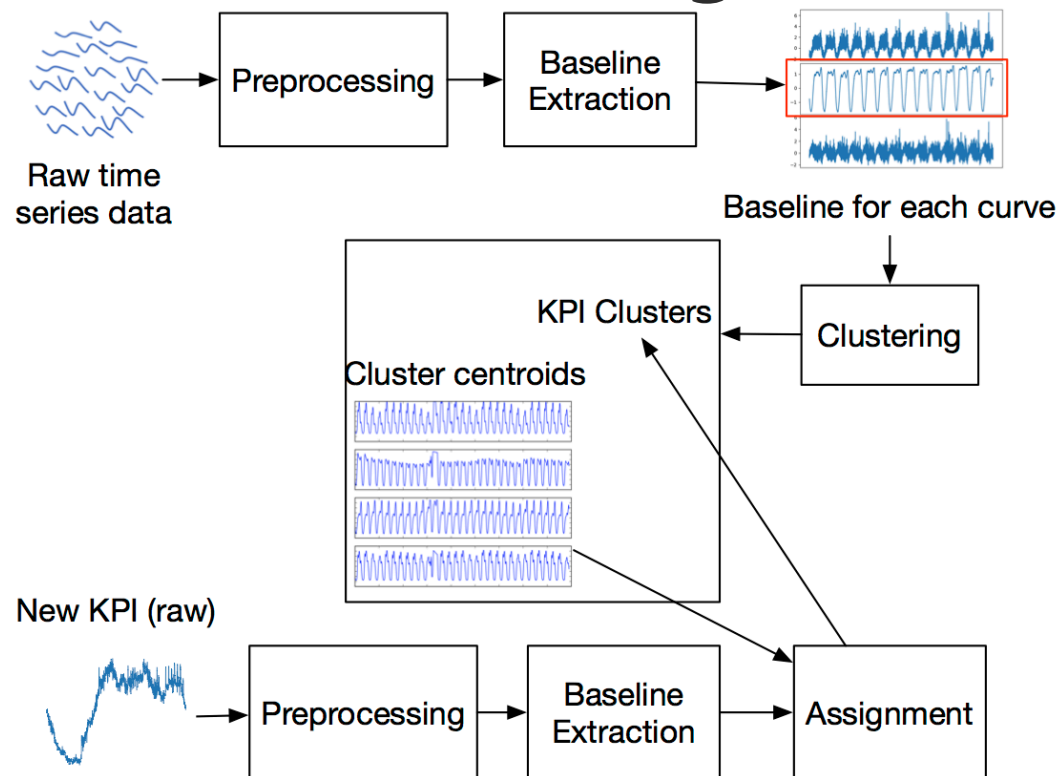


(a) Interface of candidate potential anomalies (labeled in red) given by unsupervised anomaly detection.



(b) Interface of anomaly similarity search. On the left is the anomaly template labeled in pink band; on the right is the similar anomalies given by *Label-Less* sorted by similarity.

# Clustering + Transfer Learning to reduce training overhead



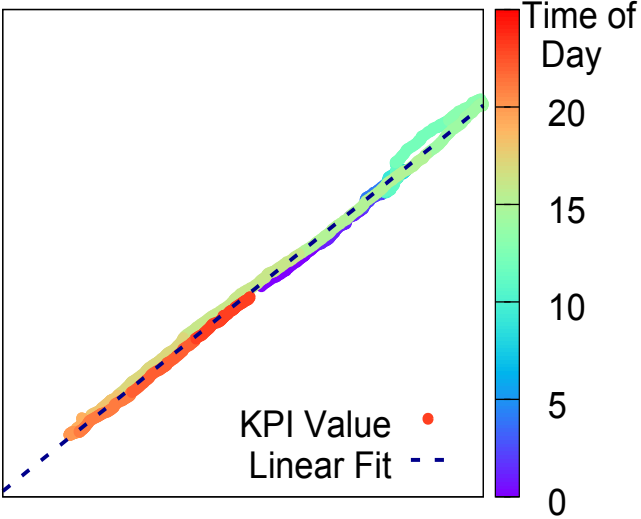
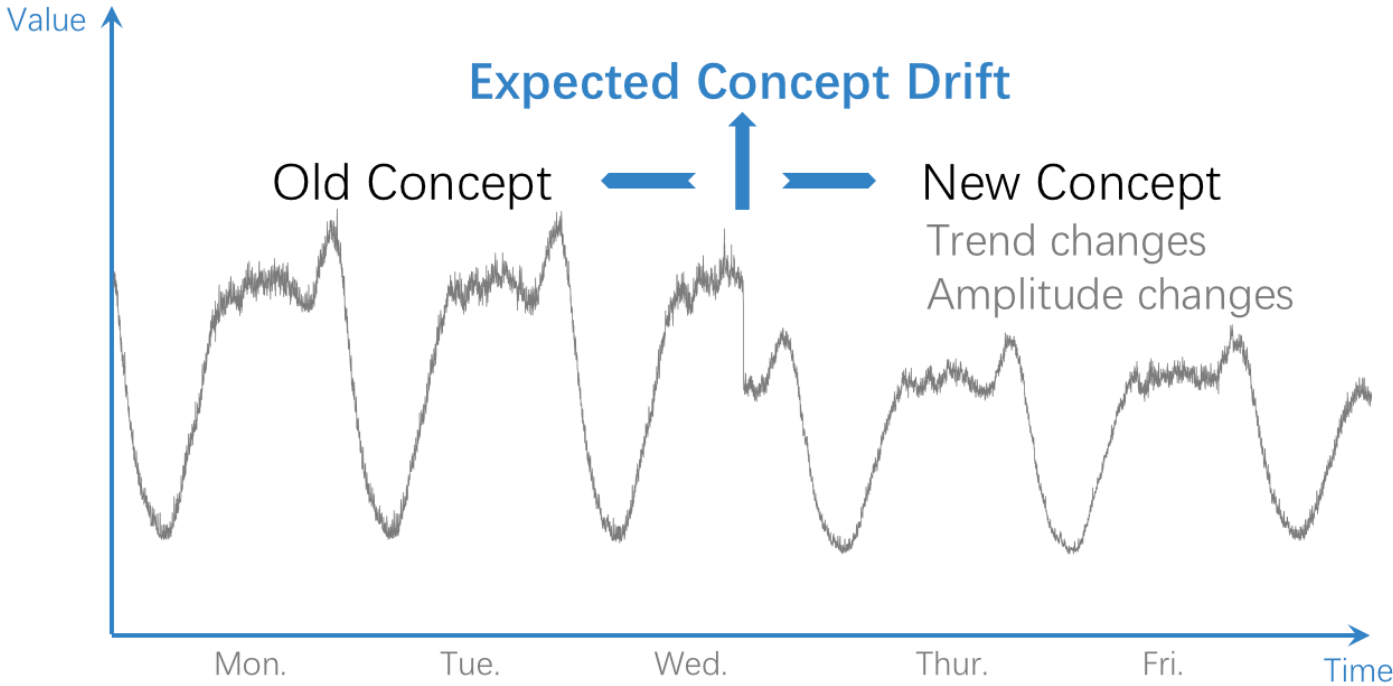
	Original DONUT [WWW2018]	ROCKA+DONUT+KPI-specific threshold
Avg. F-score	0.89	0.88
Total training time (s)	51621	5145

# Adapt to Concept Drift

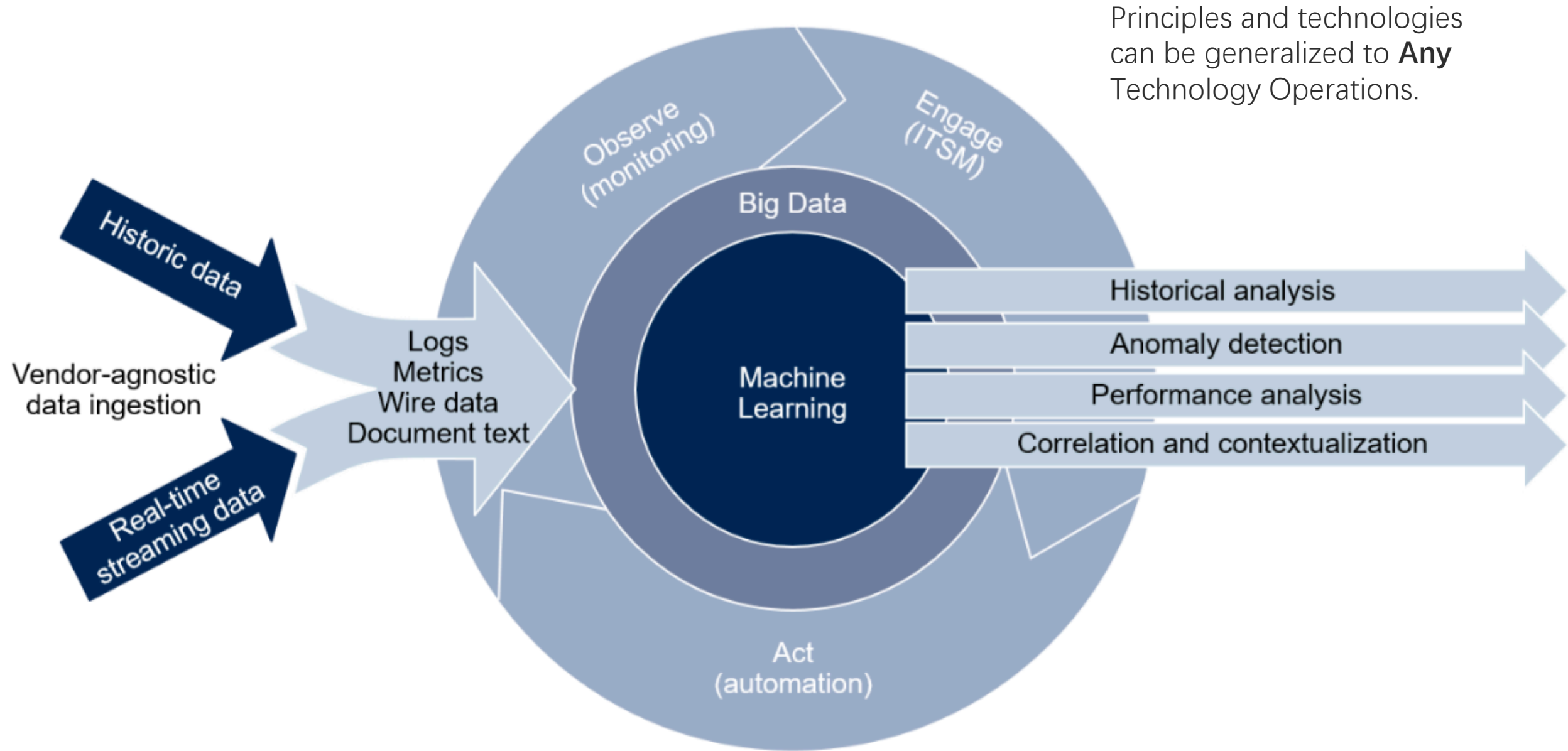
ISSRE (Class B) 2018 Best Paper

concept drift adaption improve anomaly detection F-score by 203% (**0.225 to 0.681**)

## Observation: Old and New Concept Can Be Linearly Fitted



# AIOps Platform Enabling Continuous ITOM



Principles and technologies can be generalized to **Any** Technology Operations.



# Summary

- AI is changing the world, but so far only in specific scenario of specific area in specific industry
- AI applications need be “coded” using domain (industry, area, scenario) knowledge-based “architecture”
- AIOps is a foundational technology in the increasingly digitalized world
  - What is AIOps
  - Business Value of AIOps: more revenue, less loss, more secure
  - Industry Leader’ s Opinion: AIOps is very promising
  - AIOps is necessary
  - AIOps is feasible
  - Defining Levels helps AIOps get accepted
  - AIOps can be very deep technologically
- AIOps is needed for all technology operations, not just IT operations.